

**Table 42 - Gross Domestic Product Per Capita, Purchasing Power Parity
in Selected Asian Countries: 2008 - 2017**

(At Constant 2011 International \$)

Country	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Brunei Darussalam	81,906	79,513	80,553	82,435	81,994	79,070	76,089	74,600	71,789	71,809
Cambodia	2,452	2,418	2,523	2,659	2,807	2,964 ^r	3,124	3,291	3,465 ^r	3,645
Indonesia	7,793	8,045	8,434	8,838	9,251	9,643	10,003	10,368	10,766	11,189
Lao PDR	3,732 ^r	3,947 ^r	4,219 ^r	4,495 ^r	4,794 ^r	5,116 ^r	5,437 ^r	5,755 ^r	6,073 ^r	6,397
Malaysia	20,989	20,092	21,107	21,819	22,591	23,224	24,195	25,002	25,669	26,808
Myanmar	3,112	3,418	3,721	3,898	4,149	4,458	4,770	5,057 ^r	5,305 ^r	5,592
Philippines	5,309	5,285	5,597	5,707	5,989	6,307	6,586	6,875	7,233	7,599
Singapore	66,046	63,697	72,116	75,113	76,286	78,897	80,904	81,741	82,622	85,535
Thailand	12,757	12,605	13,487	13,535	14,448	14,772	14,857	15,252	15,706	16,278
Vietnam	4,010	4,185	4,408	4,633	4,821	5,024	5,265	5,555	5,838	6,172

r Revised.

Source of data: World Bank, World Development Indicators.
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Definitions:

GDP per capita based on purchasing power parity (PPP) - PPP GDP is gross domestic product converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity rates. An international dollar has the purchasing power over GDP as the U.S. dollar has in the United States. GDP at purchaser's prices is the sum of gross value added by all resident producers in the economy plus any product taxes minus any subsidies not included in the value of the products. It is calculated without making deductions for depreciation of fabricated assets or for depletion and degradation of Data are in constant 2011 international dollars.

Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) rate - defined as the number of units of a country's currency that is required to buy the same amount of goods and services in the country as one US\$ would buy in the US. PPP as a rate of conversion ensures that money exchanged for a dollar buys the same volume of goods and services in every country. By equalizing prices, PPP rates deliver a measure of relative GDP which is based on what constitutes "real" income, the volume of goods and services embodied in GDP. The method of using PPP is analogous to measuring GDP in different years at fixed base year prices.

