



GENDER FACTSHEET



NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE - GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE (GCOM)

MARCH 2009

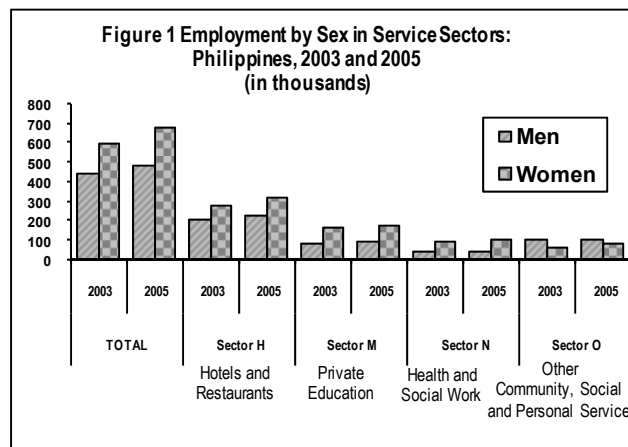
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WOMEN WORKERS IN THE SERVICE SECTORS IN 2003 AND 2005

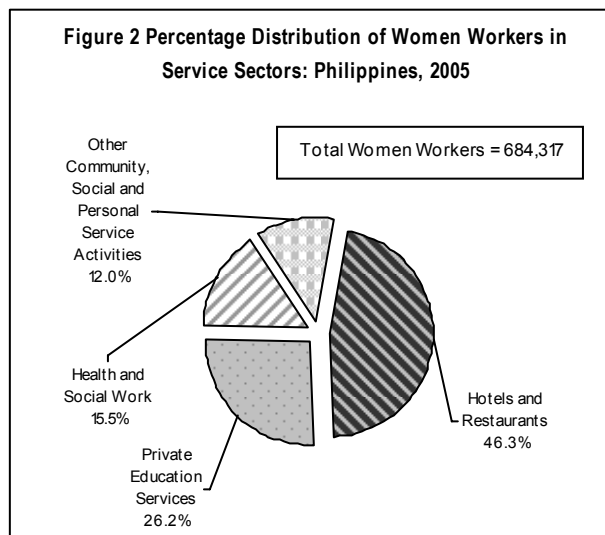
Women outnumbered men service workers

Based on 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry (ASPBI), women workers in the service sector registered an increase of 14.1 percent to 684,317 from 599,732 in 2003. For the past two surveys (2003 and 2005), women workers outnumbered men workers in the service sectors except in other community, social and personal service activities (*Table 1*).

Hotels and restaurants establishments remained the top employer among service sectors hiring more women workers for the past survey rounds (*Figure 1*).



Source: NSO, 2003 and 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry



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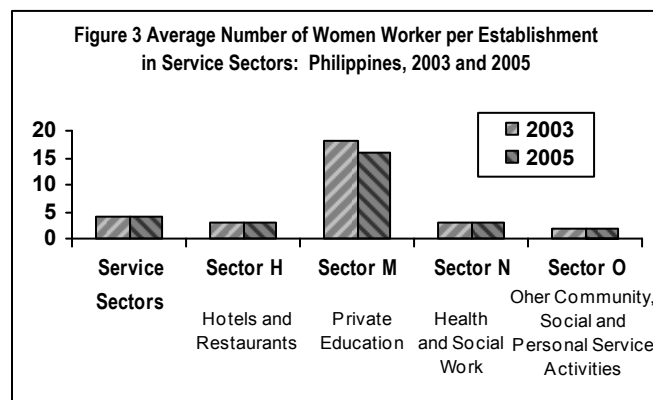
Majority of women service workers were engaged in hotels and restaurants

In 2005, majority (46.3%) of the 684,317 women workers in the service sector were employed in hotels and restaurants establishments, while the least (12.0%) were engaged in other community, social and personal service activities (*Figure 2*).

Of the 316,802 women workers in the hotels and restaurants sector, 92.9 percent were employed in restaurants, bars, canteens and other eating and drinking places, and the remaining 7.1 percent were in hotels, camping sites and other provisions of short-stay accommodation services (*Table 2*).

Private Education Establishments Employed Higher Average Women Workers

In both surveys of 2003 and 2005 average women worker per establishment in the service sectors stood at 4. Private education sector garnered the highest average women worker among the service sectors in 2003 and 2005 with 18 and 16 women per establishment, respectively (*Figure 3*).



Source: NSO, 2003 and 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry

Table 1 Number of Establishments and Employment by Sex for the Service Sectors: Philippines, 2003 and 2005

(Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.)

Sector		Number of Establishments		Employment					
				Total		Men		Women	
		2005	2003	2005	2003	2005	2003	2005	2003
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Service Sector		183,227	163,731	1,166,612	1,041,912	482,295	442,180	684,317	599,732
H	Hotels and Restaurants	95,812	87,760	548,147	485,840	231,345	209,786	316,802	276,054
M	Education	11,275	8,900	277,450	250,120	98,175	86,146	179,275	163,974
N	Health and Social Work	30,326	27,646	148,489	133,764	42,415	39,622	106,074	94,142
O	Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities	45,814	39,425	192,526	172,188	110,360	106,626	82,166	65,562

Source: 2003 and 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry

Table 2 Number of Establishments and Employment by Sex for Hotels and Restaurants: Philippines, 2003 and 2005

(Details may not add up to totals due to rounding.)

Sector		Number of Establishments		Employment					
				Total		Men		Women	
		2005	2003	2005	2003	2005	2003	2005	2003
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Hotels and Restaurants		95,812	87,760	548,147	485,840	231,345	209,786	316,802	276,054
Hotels, camping sites and other provisions of short-stay accommodation		4,021	3,637	57,475	49,050	34,998	27,648	22,477	21,402
Restaurants, cafes and fastfood centers		74,195	68,116	405,748	355,518	165,981	146,138	239,767	209,380
Refreshment stands, kiosks, counters, day and night clubs, bars and cocktail lounges and other restaurants, cafes and fastfood		17,596	16,007	84,923	81,271	30,365	35,999	54,558	45,272

Source: 2003 and 2005 Annual Survey of Philippine Business and Industry

Technical Notes:

Services sectors – covers only the four industry major divisions as defined in the 1994 Philippine Standard Industrial Classification (PSIC), namely: Hotels and Restaurants, Education, Health and Social Work, and Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities.