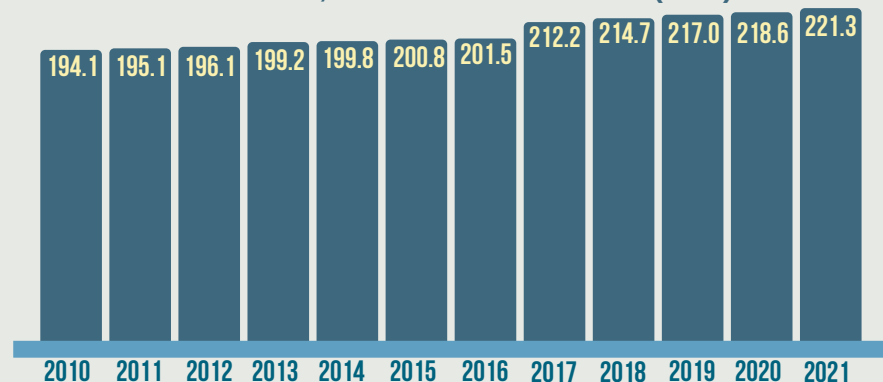


THE WATER ACCOUNTS OF THE PHILIPPINES

provide information on the flows of water between the environment and the economy - from its initial abstraction as input to various economic activities to its return to the environment.

Total Water Abstraction 2010-2021, in billion cubic meters (bcm)



Source of Basic Data: National Water Resources Board

WHAT IS ABSTRACTION?

It is the amount of water that is removed from any source, either permanently or temporarily, in a given period of time. It is measured in volume (m³).

SOURCES OF ABSTRACTED WATER



Surface water

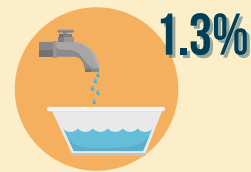


Groundwater

USES OF ABSTRACTED WATER



For own use



For distribution

SDG INDICATORS 6.4.1 AND 6.4.2

WATER USE EFFICIENCY

increased from PhP 192.25/m³ in 2020 to PhP 200.06/m³ in 2021.



LEVEL OF WATER STRESS¹

remains to be **LOW** from 26.7% in 2020 to 27.2% in 2021.

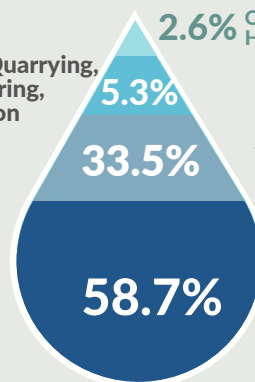
¹Based on parameters and criteria of FAO AQUASTAT
Low level of water stress ranges from 25 to 50 percent

WATER ABSTRACTED FOR OWN USE

increased from 215.20 bcm in 2020 to 217.83 bcm 2021.



Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction



2.6% Other industries and Households
5.3% Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction
33.5% Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing



Power

AVERAGE SHARE

by sector, 2010 to 2021

DISTRIBUTED WATER

increased from 3.38 bcm in 2020 to 3.51 bcm 2021.



Households



37.3%



Services



34.0%



Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction



22.3%



AFF and Power



6.4%

AVERAGE SHARE²

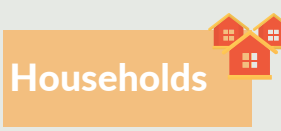
by sector, 2010 to 2021

1 drop = 10 percent

²Net of losses

WATER EXPENSES (in billion PhP)

Top 3 Sectors with the Largest Water Expenses



Households



Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction



Services

