



# What are disasters and how do we count them?

**Jake Rom D. Cadag**  
**Geographer, Senior Lecturer**  
**Department of Geography, University of the Philippines Diliman**  
[jdcadag@up.edu.ph](mailto:jdcadag@up.edu.ph)

*Some of the slides in this presentation are derived from the outputs of Service-Learning course of Geography 255 AY 17-18*

# Typhoon/Flood Ondoy (2009)



# Typhoon/Storm Surge Yolanda (2013)



# Small-scale flood 2-hr thunderstorm (2015)





**WHAT IS A DISASTER**

# Academic definition

**Disaster** is a state of event (or a “situation”) associated with **natural hazards** characterized by **negative impacts to society** in the forms of human and environmental damages

- Cadag, J.R.D. (in press). Disasters. International Encyclopedia of Human Geography. Elsevier.

# The United Nations' definition (2017)

**A serious disruption** of the functioning of a community or a society **at any scale** due to hazardous events interacting with conditions of exposure, vulnerability and capacity, leading to one or more of the following: **human, material, economic and environmental losses and impacts.**

**\*DRRM Act of the Philippines of 2010 (RA 10121)**

Criteria	Munich Re.	University of Colorado	Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters (CRED)	USAID-OFDA	UNDHA
Number of people killed	> or = 20	> or = 100	> or = 10	25 (earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) 50 (climate hazards)	> or = 100
Number of people injured		> or = 100			
Number of people affected			> or = 100	1000	> or = 1% of the population
Economic damage	~ 7 million US\$ (transportation) ~ 13 million US\$ (aviation) ~ 16 million US\$ (others)	1 million US\$		1 million US\$	> or = 1% of GDP
Others			Call for international assistance		Call for international assistance

# Criteria

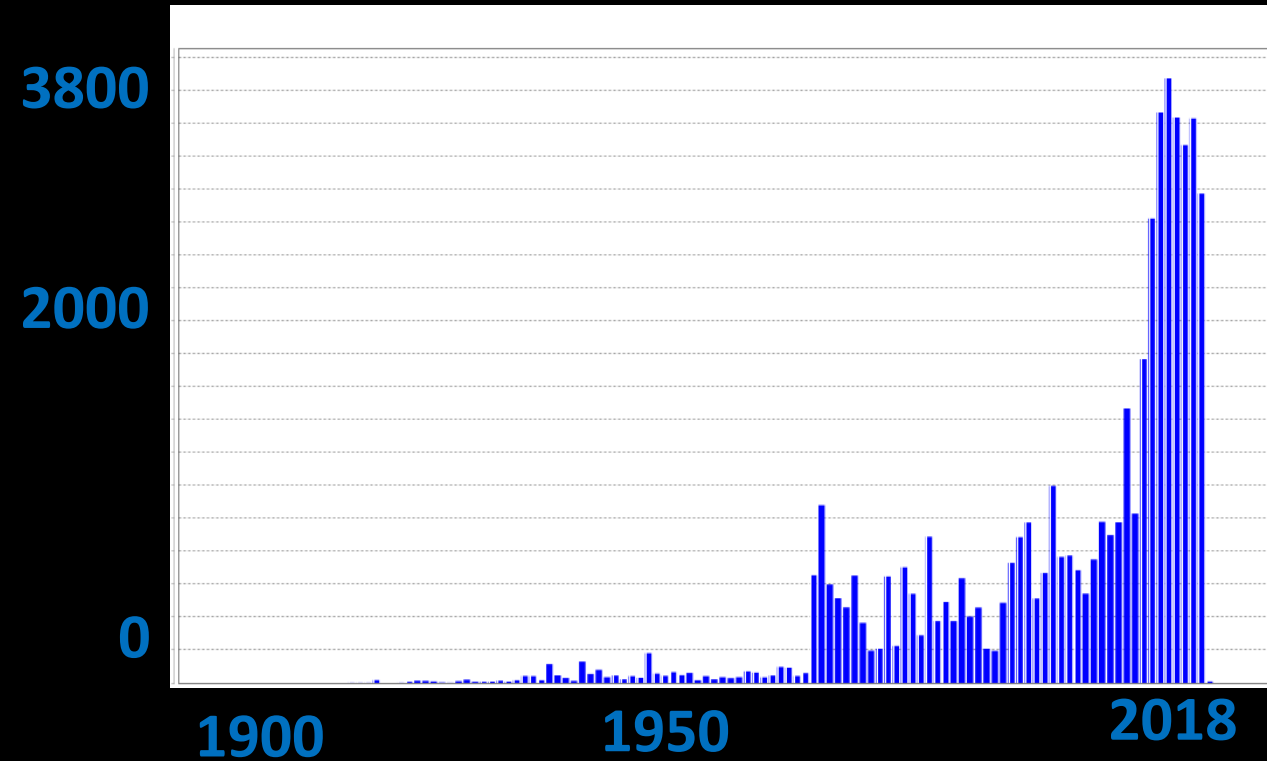
**in defining a disaster event by different institutions  
(extracted from the compilation by Dr. JC Gaillard, University of Auckland, 2013)**



We do not know what  
disasters are being  
**counted...** and what are  
being **excluded...**

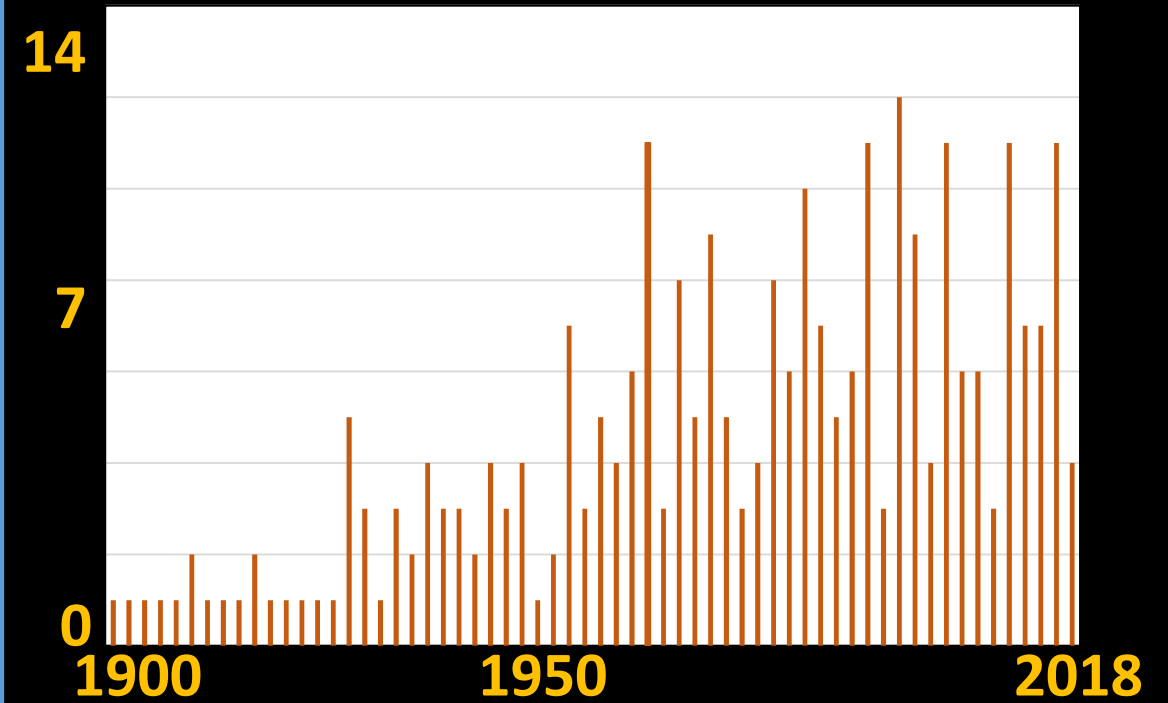
***PROBLEM?***

## Desinventar



**Events - 53,605**  
**Deaths - 45,726 people**  
**Affected - 33,567,642**

## EM-DAT



**Events - 182**  
**Deaths - 39,945 people**  
**Affected - 18,195,042**

Number of disasters associated with natural hazards in Colombia between 1900 and 2018 according to *DesInventar* (top-left) and *EM-DAT* (bottom-right)

Number of disasters

40  
35  
30  
25  
20  
15  
10  
5  
0

**1900 to 2018**  
**609** disasters in  
the Philippines  
**69,738** people  
dead since 1900s  
*(CRED-EMDAT, 2018)*

1905 1918 1934 1938 1948 1951 1955 1959 1963 1966 1969 1972 1975 1978 1981 1984 1987 1990 1993 1996 1999 2002 2005 2008 2011 2014 2017

**Number of disasters associated with natural hazards in the Philippines between 1900 and 2018 (CRED-EMDAT)**

## COMPARISON

**EMDAT**  
(1900s to 2017)

**609** disasters in the  
Philippines

**69,738** people  
dead since 1900s

Based on the data of  
OCD and some historical  
disasters

**899** disasters reported  
from **1970 to 2017**

**199,646** people dead  
(including 156,526 who died  
in epidemic in 1900s)

**Spatial  
Distribution  
of Disaster  
Events (1970-  
2017)**

Region	Frequency
1	66
2	75
3	130
4A	71
4B	66
5	71
6	83
7	48
8	59
9	25
10	32
11	29
12	34
13	26
CAR	48
ARMM	33
NCR	96

**Legend**

Number of Disasters

25.0 - 40.0

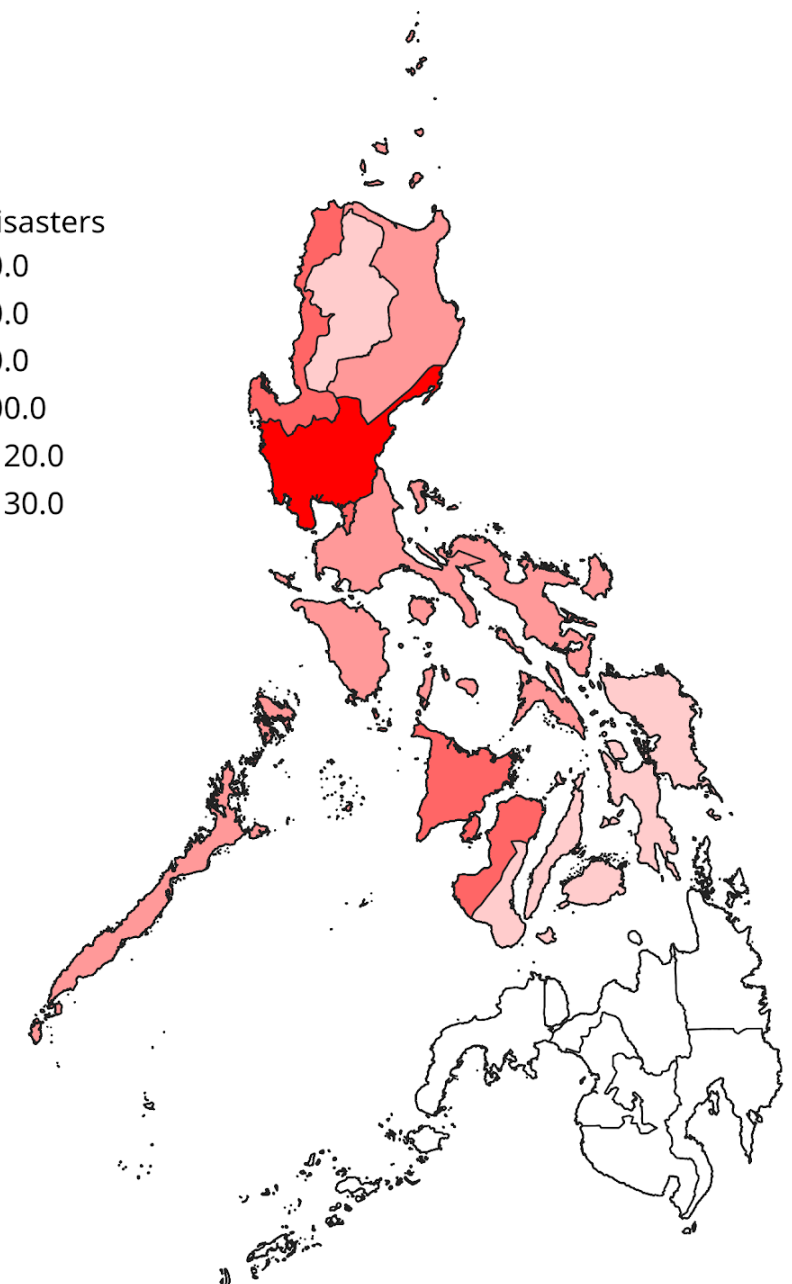
40.0 - 60.0

60.0 - 80.0

80.0 - 100.0

100.0 - 120.0

120.0 - 130.0



Source: Geography 255 Service-Learning Course (2017)

# REFLECTIONS

## Definition

- **Objective, comprehensive and inclusive**

## Disaster statistics

- **Count all disaster events regardless of scale**
- **Let the users decide what to include and exclude**



**WHAT IS NEXT**



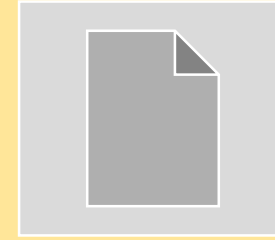
**Collect data from the provinces and municipalities to include small scale disasters**



**Engage physical and social scientists to gather data on historical disasters (1500s to 1970s)**



**Retrieve lost information 1970s to present**



**Standardize data collection process for disaster reports**



**Develop an online platform**



# CLASS:

GEOGRAPHY 255, AY 17-18  
DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY, UP DILIMAN

# INSTRUCTOR:

JAKE ROM D. CADAG, PHD

# STUDENTS:

BULONG, CHARLENE VERONIQUE MARIE  
GALINDO, ANGELO CARLO  
GODIO, JENNIFER  
JACOBO, CID LEANDRO  
LIT, CATHERINE  
PASCUAL, ANGELO MARI  
PINTO, BEN HUR  
SALVADOR, ELAINE BENNET  
SAURE, DIANA TANYA  
TUBOG, MICHAEL VINCENT  
VILLANUEVA, SIDNIE BEATRICE



# References

- Cadag, J.R.D. (in press). Disasters. International Encyclopedia of Human Geography. Elsevier.
- DESINVENTAR. <https://www.desinventar.org/>
- Gaillard (2013). Table. Compilation by Dr. JC Gaillard, University of Auckland.
- Geography 255 Service-Learning Course (2017). Disasters in the Philippines: Data and insights on contemporary and historical disasters. PowerPoint Presentation.
- Office of Civil Defense (OCD) (2017). Disaster reports from 1970-2017. <http://www.ndrrmc.gov.ph/>
- UNISDR (2017). Terminology. <https://www.unisdr.org/we/inform/terminology>. United Nation.
- Image on Ondoy Flood (slide 2, cropped).  
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Flooding\\_from\\_Typhoon\\_Ondoy\\_\(Ketsana\),\\_Philippines\\_2009.\\_Photo-AusAID\\_\(10695613325\).jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Flooding_from_Typhoon_Ondoy_(Ketsana),_Philippines_2009._Photo-AusAID_(10695613325).jpg)
- Image on Typhoon Yolanda (slide 3, cropped).  
[https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tacloban\\_Typhoon\\_Haiyan\\_2013-11-14.jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tacloban_Typhoon_Haiyan_2013-11-14.jpg)