Challenges in Designing and Implementing Research and Development Surveys in the Philippines

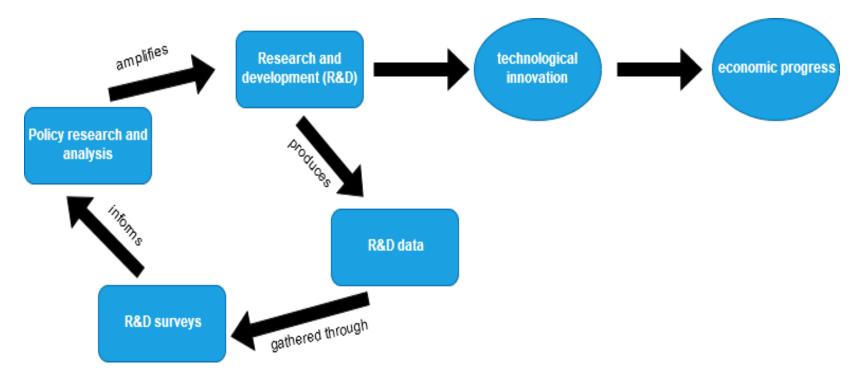


1 October 2019 14th National Convention on Statistics Crowne Plaza Manila Galleria



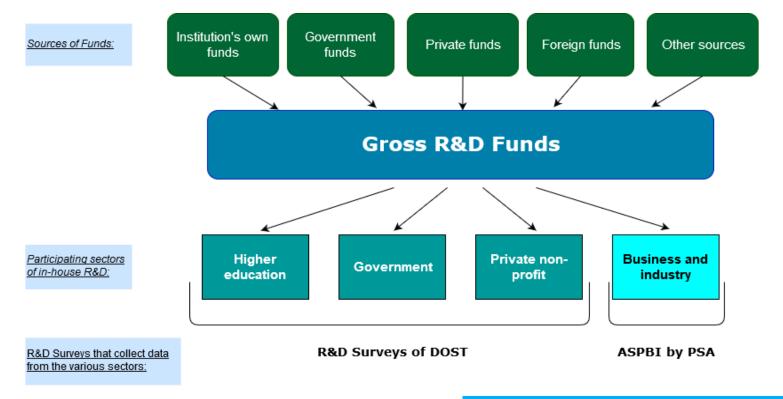


Introduction



Challenges in the R&D Survey

Target population





Challenges in the R&D Survey

Sampling frames

 institutions differ in business operations and functions there is no single data source for all sectors that can be used

Questionnaire design

- need to ensure that an appropriate and knowledgeable (and motivated) respondent will complete the questionnaire
- item nonresponse for companies that refuse to participate due to company policies
- unit nonresponse



Constructing and validating the sampling frames

Sector	Initial List
GOV	online search
HEI	list of HEIs for A.Y. 2017-2018 from CHED
PNPI	registry of NGOs found in the website of the Philippine Council for NGO Certification (PCNC)

Constructing and validating the sampling frames

 the initial lists are not the desired frame so <u>two-phase</u> <u>sampling</u> is employed

		Phase 1 results		Imputations*				
Sector	Initial list	Responded	With R&D	DOST R&D List	CHED/ DOST Projects	Web search	After imputations	With Admin units
GOV	670	73	32	88 (88)	21 (31)	14 (15)	155	37
HEI	2,354	100	66	269 (298)	43 (171)	487 (530)	865	84
PNPI	354	21	9	29 (32)	O (O)	24 (24)	62	0



Streamlining the questionnaires

2015 Questionnaire	2018 Questionnaire				
	Headcount of personnel according to type of personnel, sex, age group, highest				
Enumeration or listing of all Personnel and profile	qualification and field of science				
and prome	Number of personnel by percent of time spent in R&D by occupation				
	Total expenditures and their subcategories				
Enumeration or listing of all research	Percentage of R&D expenditure to sources				
projects with their expenditure and	categories				
source of funds	Percentage of R&D expenditure per Socio- economic objectives and field of science				
Enumeration of name of agency with R&D	Name of institution and total amount of				
funded by the institution	funds provided to other institution for R&D				
Enumeration of publish journals	Total number of journals publish (local and international)				



Using two-phase sampling design

Phase 1

- census for all institutions in the initial lists
- screens out institutions without R&D activities

Phase 2

- census for GOV and PNPI
- stratified cluster sample for HEI
 - stratified according to graduate enrolment size
 - "large" stratum is sampled with certainty



Using two-phase sampling design

For HEI, sample sizes are determined per stratum by assuming SRS and proportionally allocated across regions

Stratum	Level of Confidence, $1- \infty$	Margin of Error, d				
		0.10	0.07	0.05	0.03	0.01
Small $(N = 363)$	0.95	77	128	187	272	350
	0.975	94	151	211	289	353
	0.99	115	176	235	304	356
Unknown $(N = 447)$	0.95	80	137	207	316	428
	0.975	99	164	237	339	432
	0.99	122	193	268	360	436



Implementing multi-mode R&D surveys

Phase 1

- online survey through SurveyMonkey
- short telephone follow-ups/interviews

Phase 2

- online survey and telephone follow-ups
- personal interviews
- workshops at various sites for field enumerators' training



Conclusions

Future plans

Conduct a small post-enumeration survey to evaluate the effects of questionnaire streamlining

Recommendations

- HEIs are encouraged to develop centralized systems for monitoring R&D projects
- 2. Opportunities for statistical research:
 - Effects of imputation methods on sampling weights
 - Estimation procedures in between survey rounds
 - Analysis of measurement errors through a postenumeration survey to improve the questionnaire design



Thank you!

