DURATIONS OF TRADE IN THE PHILIPPINE STOCK MARKET: AN APPLICATION OF THE MARKOV-SWITCHING MULTI-FRACTAL DURATION MODEL

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Inter-trade durations

Duration *i* (d_i) between trade events



Time period, t_{i,} when trade occurred

Previous time period, t_{i-1,} when trade occurred

Trading Intensity

Market Microstructure Theory



impact of trades

Higher price

Faster price adjustment to new trade-related information

Stronger Directionality of trade

Directionality: predominance of trades of similar size and the same direction (buy or sell)

Higher trading intensity

Shorter time between trades



Analysis of Inter-trade durations

Markov-switching multi-fractal duration (MSMD) model

key properties
emphasized
high
persistence
(long memory)

parameterdriven long memory model of conditional intensity dynamics

long memory
driven by
structural
Markov
switching
components



Methodology

1

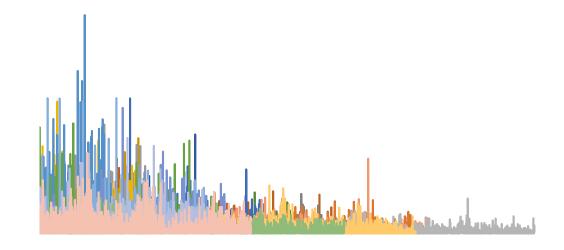
 Trend Analysis of Philippine Stock Exchange (20 frequently traded stocks)

2

 Calculating the raw durations and measurement of intraday calendar effects



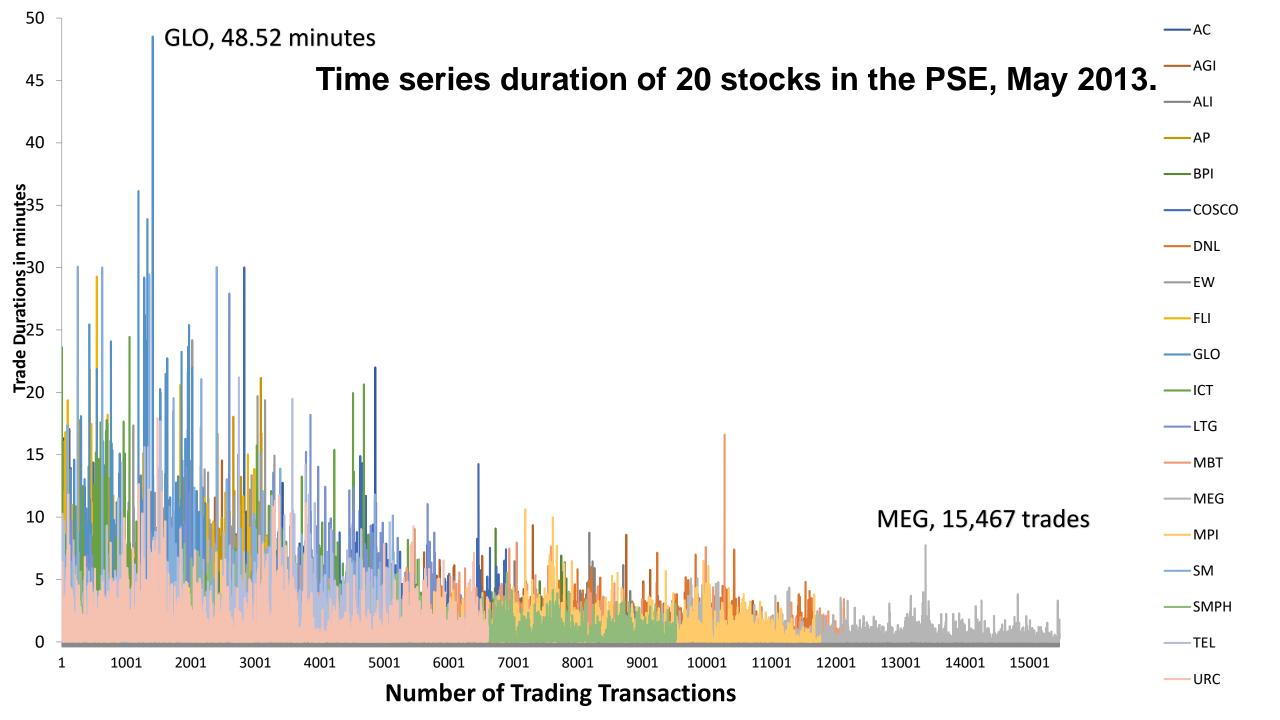
 Estimation of the MSMD Model parameters through Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)

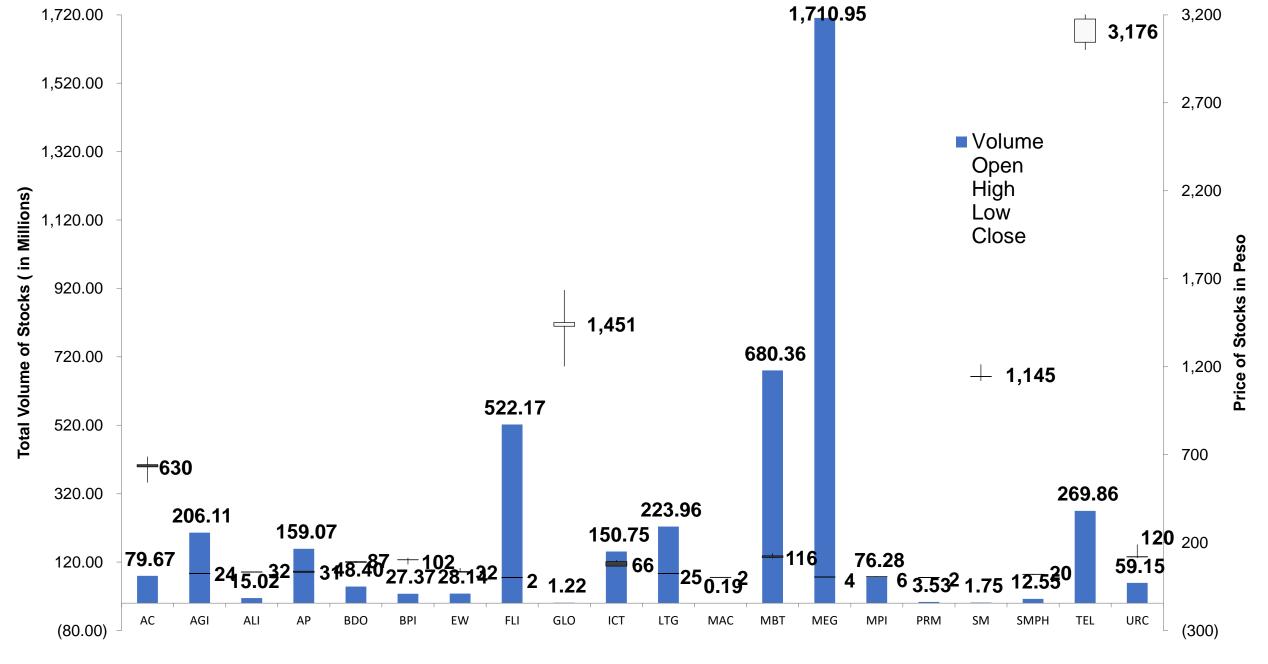


$$d_i = t_i - t_{i-1} \qquad \log d_i = \sum_{k=i}^9 \alpha_k x_{ki} + \varepsilon_i = \alpha' x_i + \varepsilon_i$$

$$\theta_{\bar{k}} = (\gamma_k, b, m_0)'$$



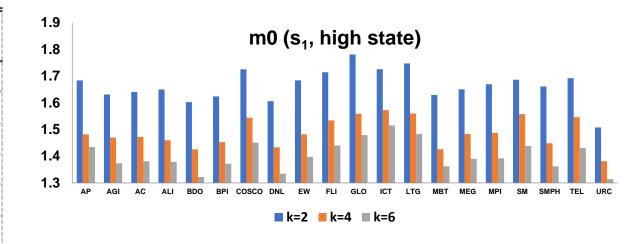


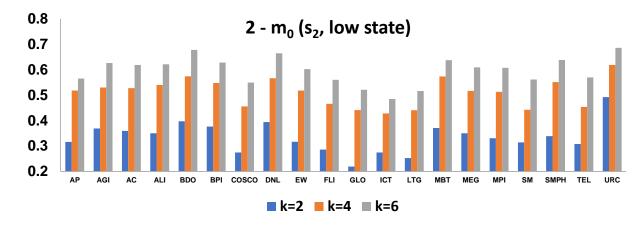


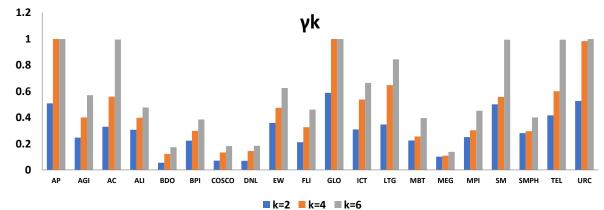
Volume of transactions and prices of top 20 stocks in PSE, May 2013.

Firm-by-firm descriptive statistics of stocks in the PSE.

Stock	Mean	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation	Standard Error	Min	Max	N
AC	0.9430	1.36	1.45	0.0176	0.0167	22.00	5,970
AGI	0.5269	0.79	1.49	0.0076	0.0167	16.70	10,723
ALI	0.5822	0.75	1.28	0.0076	0.0167	9.87	9,681
AP	1.5159	2.01	1.32	0.0331	0.0167	21.13	3,670
BDO	0.3877	0.51	1.32	0.0042	0.0167	6.37	14,554
BPI	0.7090	0.90	1.27	0.0101	0.0167	9.35	7,908
cosco	0.5989	1.15	1.92	0.0122	0.0167	30.02	8,911
DNL	0.4824	0.62	1.28	0.0057	0.0167	7.40	11,631
EW	1.6296	2.21	1.36	0.0380	0.0167	24.18	3,401
FLI	1.7332	2.39	1.38	0.0422	0.0167	29.30	3,212
GLO	2.4132	3.63	1.51	0.0757	0.0167	45.52	2,302
ICT	1.0049	1.77	1.76	0.0238	0.0167	24.45	5,569
LTG	0.9641	1.54	1.60	0.0202	0.0167	27.92	5,832
MBT	0.4656	0.65	1.40	0.0059	0.0167	16.62	12,135
MEG	0.3645	0.56	1.53	0.0045	0.0167	9.22	15,467
MPI	0.4788	0.66	1.39	0.0061	0.0167	10.63	11,755
SM	0.9933	1.64	1.65	0.0221	0.0167	30.08	5,504
SMPH	0.5615	0.73	1.29	0.0074	0.0167	7.87	9,518
TEL	1.0654	1.56	1.46	0.0215	0.0167	21.20	5,251
URC	0.8478	1.23	1.45	0.0152	0.0167	17.92	6,604







*Coefficient of Variation = standard deviation/mean

Informed Traders

Informed Trading

Shorter Trade Durations

High Trading Intensity

Volumes

Higher Gains

Admati and Pfleiderer (1988) and Glosten and Milgrom (1985)

Recommendations

- To fully analyze the transition probabilities from low state to high state,
 - out-of-sample forecast and simulation should be done.
 - reliability test of the results should be done to ensure its efficiency. This
 was not applied in the study due to the lack of program to generate the
 desired outputs.
- The risk implied in investing to different stocks should be considered.
 - The analysis on the transition probabilities should be complemented with a gauge in risk measurement.
 - This is to further described the type of investor that would engage in a particular stock *i.e.* risk seeker, risk averse or risk neutral.

