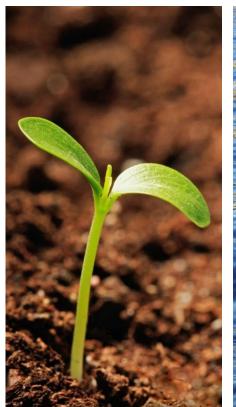
Compendium of Bicol Region Environment Statistics



The Bicol Region Experience

DANILO V. LUCEÑA CSS/SOCD Chief, PSA RSSO V

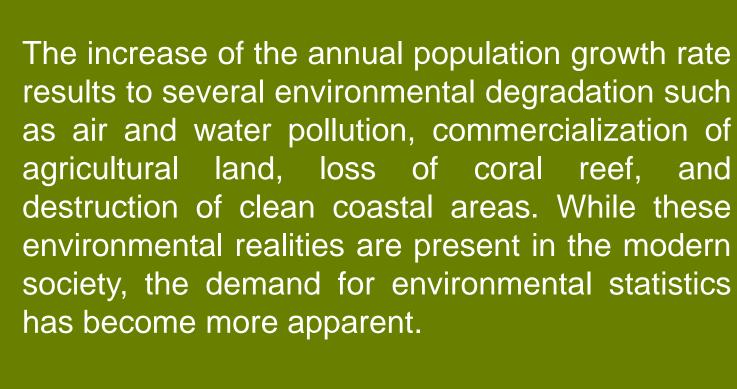








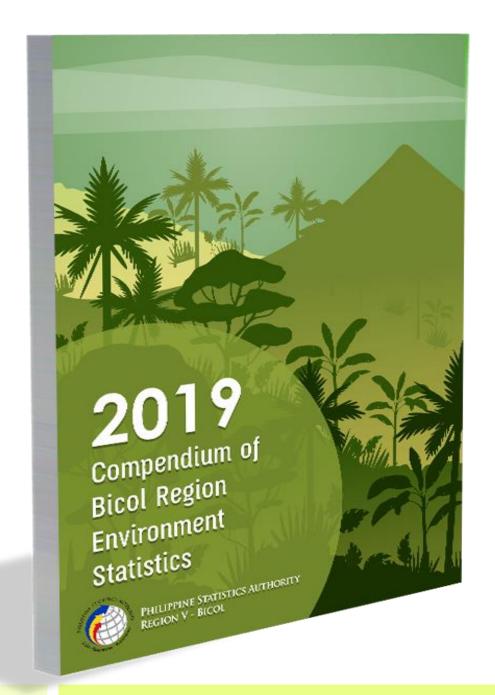
Demand for Environmental Indicators











2019 Compendium of Bicol Region Environment Statistics materializes the necessity of ensuring evidence-based decision makings in addressing environmental concerns and a key to better policy formulation and decision making along with the growth of the demand for environmental advocacies in the area.



OBJECTIVES

The compendium specifically aims to:

- provide information about the environment and the main factors that influence the environment
- provide information on important changes in the environment over time and across locations;
- 3) improve knowledge on environment;
- 4) provide high quality statistical information;
- 5) provide information for the general public and specific user groups; and
- 6) support evidence-based policy decisions.



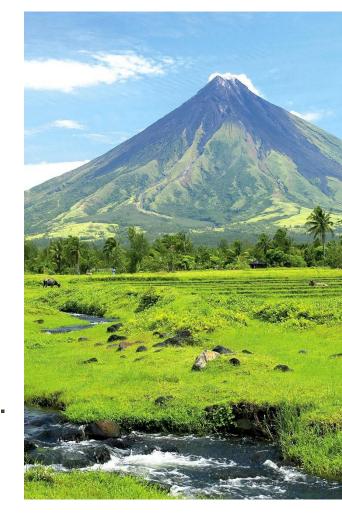




SCOPE AND COVERAGE

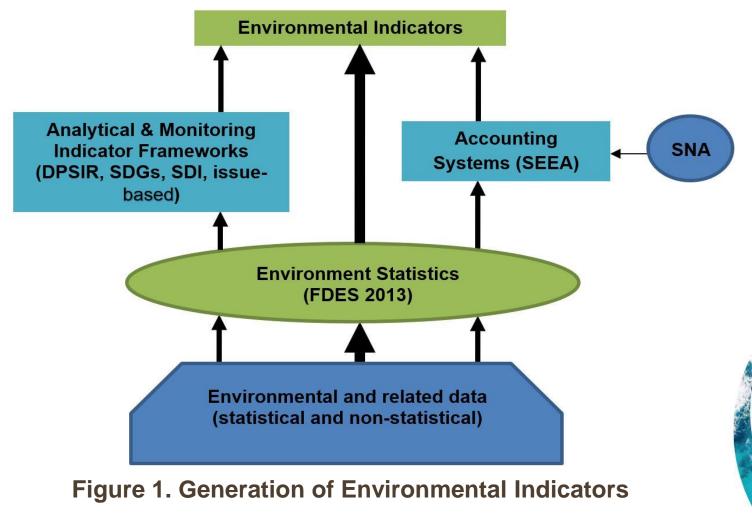
Region V's environment statistics covers the six identified components in organizing environment statistics namely:

- 1. Environmental Condition and Quality;
- 2. Environmental Resources and their Use;
- 3. Residuals;
- 4. Extreme Events and Disasters;
- 5. Human Settlements and Environmental Health; and
- 6. Environment Protection, Management and Engagement.





CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK





PLAN OF ACTION AND IMPLEMENTATION PHASE











PLAN OF ACTION AND IMPLEMENTATION PHASE



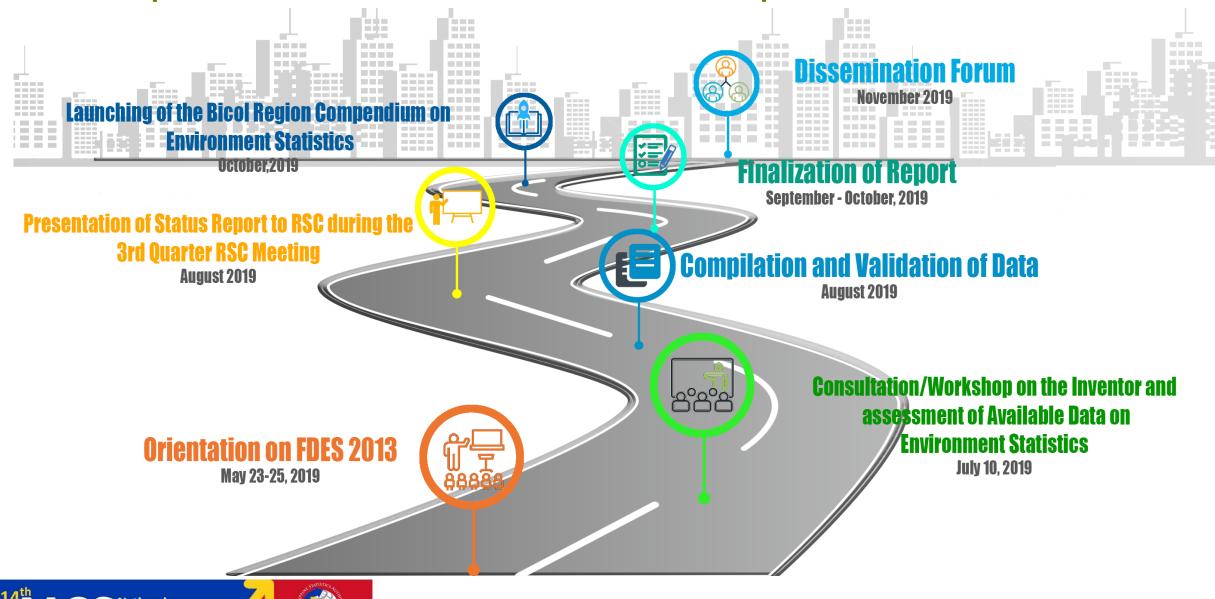
The three-day training/workshop thoroughly discussed the components of the FDES 2013





STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS
 Designated Statistics. 	1. Harmonization of Environmental	1. Capacity building.	1. Political and economic
	data.	2. Harmonization of	policy/ focus of leaders.
2. With specific		data/information.	
agencies/offices mandated to	2. Inadequate policies relative to	3. Collaborative	2. Demand for baseline
oroduce statistics through	the generation of environmental	programs/projects/activities for	data on SDG indicators.
administrative means.	statistics.	possible funding	
		4. Acquisition of infrastructure and	3. Effect on 5Ps.
3. Availability of budget.	3. Non-observance of strict	equipment.	
	implementation of environmental	5. Availment of scholarship	4. Technology.
4. Continuous data supply.	laws/policies.	program (Post-graduate).	
		6. Data appreciation of the	
5. Well-established	4. Political interventions.	stakeholders and the general	
coordination between and		public.	
among agencies/offices.	5. Peace and order problems.	7. Upgrading/Rehabilitation of	
		existing system, infrastructure,	
6. Climate change is a	6. Lack of facilities/apparatus/	etc.	
pressing issue that needs	equipment in gathering data.	8. Employment generation.	
immediate attention.		9. Investment opportunity.	
	7. Budget constraints.	10. Good planning tools for good	S-W-O-T
	\$18\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	governance and decision-making.	
National Convention on			ANALYSIS
Convention on Statistics October 2019 Crowne Plaza Manila Galleria October 2019 Crowne Plaza Manila Galleria	ilippine Statistical System		

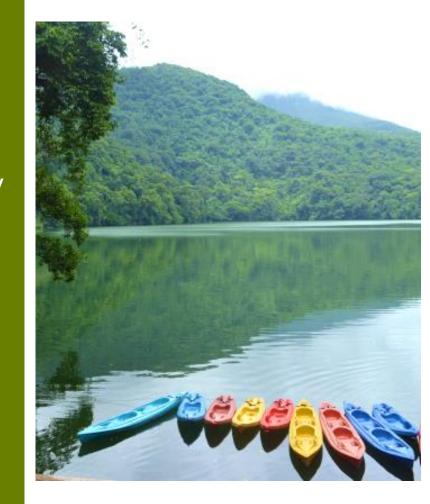
2019 Compendium of Environment Statistics Roadmap



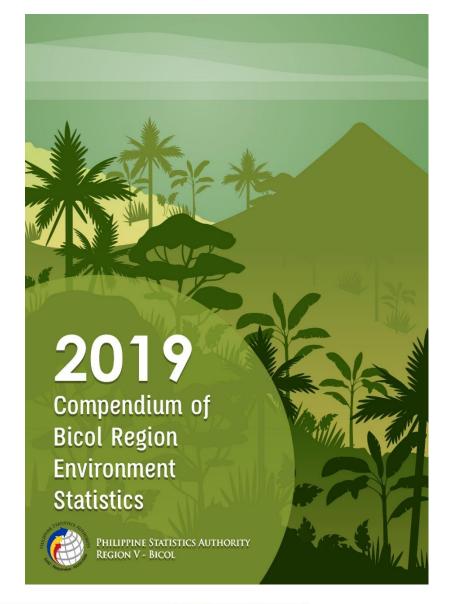


CHALLENGES

- Available but incomplete data were the usual problems met by the PSA RSSO V during the actual data collection from agencies involved
- difficulties were encountered, especially because some of the personnel sent to attend the two previous meetings were not actually the personnel-in-charge of data gathering in their offices.
- The complex organizational structures and existing protocols in offices involved caused some collaboration disadvantages







WAY FORWARD

- A continuous inventory of environment data through interview of key personnel and focus group discussions (FGD) with different divisions of DENR and other offices that generate environment statistics should be conducted.
- Plans on improving the contents of the compendium include collaborations with Local Government Units involved in disaster risk reduction.
- Identification of more sources and its proper collection.
- Results of interviews and FGDs may be submitted to concerned authorities so that existing recording and data collection activities of data providers may be revised or enhanced towards responsiveness of data generated



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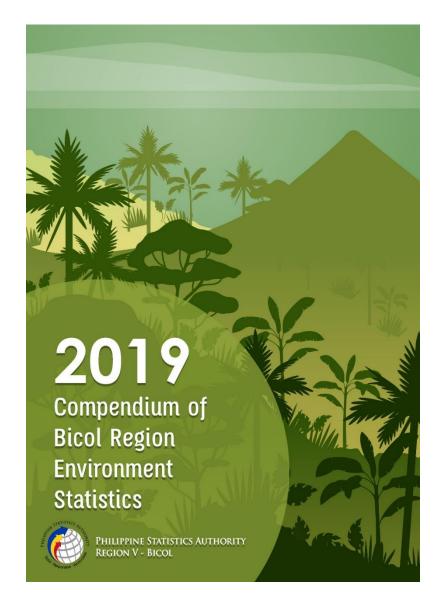
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THANK YOU!

