

PRESS RELEASE

Highlights of the Philippine Export and Import Statistics May 2023 (Preliminary)

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Table A. Summary of External Trade Performance in the Philippines May 2022, April 2023^r, and May 2023^p

	May 2022		April 2023 ^r		May 2023 ^p	
Indicator	FOB Value (in million USD)	Year-on- Year Growth (%)	FOB Value (in million USD)	Year-on- Year Growth (%)	FOB Value (in million USD)	Year-on- Year Growth (%)
Total Trade	18,198.73	20.8	14,650.19	-16.8	17,278.67	-5.1
Balance of Trade	-5,560.22	74.9	-4,842.50	-9.0	-4,396.01	-20.9
Exports	6,319.26	6.3	4,903.85	-20.2	6,441.33	1.9
Imports	11,879.48	30.2	9,746.35	-15.0	10,837.34	-8.8

p – preliminary r – revised

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

A. TOTAL EXTERNAL TRADE AND BALANCE OF TRADE

1. Total external trade decreased

In May 2023, the country's total external trade in goods amounted to USD 17.28 billion, which indicates an annual decline of -5.1 percent from its level of USD 18.20 billion in the same period of the previous year. In April 2023, its annual decrease was recorded at -16.8 percent, while in May 2022, it expanded at an annual rate of 20.8 percent. (Figure 1, and Tables A, 1, and 2)

Of the total external trade in May 2023, 62.7 percent were imported goods, while the rest were exported goods.



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2. Trade deficit posted an annual decline

The balance of trade in goods (BoT-G) is the difference between the value of exports and imports. The BoT-G in May 2023 amounted to USD -4.40 billion, indicating a trade deficit with an annual decrease of -20.9 percent. In April 2023, the trade deficit recorded an annual decline of -9.0 percent and in May 2022, it posted an annual increase of 74.9 percent. (Figure 1, and Tables A, 1, and 2)

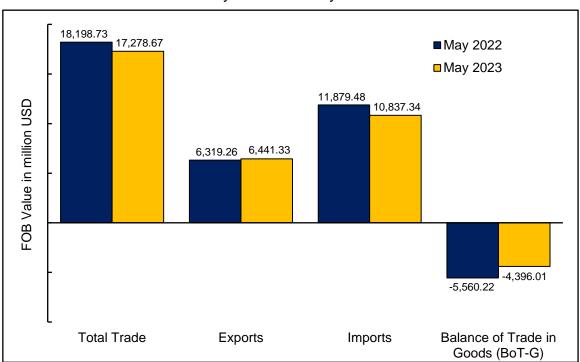


Figure 1. Value of Philippine Export and Import Statistics May 2022 and May 2023^p

p - preliminary

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

B. EXPORTS

1. Sales from export posted a positive growth

The country's total export sales in May 2023 amounted to USD 6.44 billion from USD 6.32 billion in the same month of the previous year. This indicates an annual increase of 1.9 percent from a decrement of -20.2 percent in the previous month. In May 2022, the total export sales grew at an annual rate of 6.3 percent. (Figures 1 and 2, and Tables A, 1, and 2)

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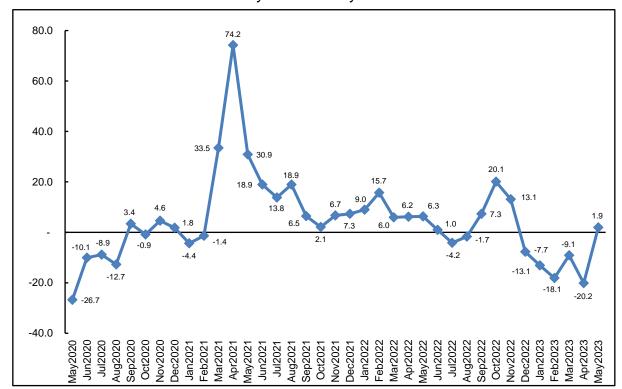


Figure 2. Year-on-Year Growth Rate (%) of Value of Philippine Exports
May 2020 to May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

The commodity group with the highest annual growth in the value of exports in May 2023 was electronic products, which rose by USD 231.53 million. This was followed by ignition wiring set and other wiring sets used in vehicles, aircrafts and ships, which increased by USD 75.98 million; and copper concentrates by USD 73.75 million. (Tables B and 3)



Table B. Top Five Commodity Groups with the Highest Annual Increase in Value of Exports: May 2023^p

Commodity Groups	(Rank in terms of May 2023			
	May 2022	May 2023 ^p	Difference	FOB value	
1) Electronic Products	3,469.96	3,701.49	231.53	1	
2) Ignition Wiring Set and Other Wiring Sets Used in Vehicles, Aircrafts and Ships 1/	150.77	226.76	75.98	4	
3) Copper Concentrates	а	73.75	73.75	13	
4) Gold ^{2/}	65.63	110.92	45.30	10	
5) Bananas (Fresh)	100.17	114.06	13.89	9	

^{1/ -} consists only of electrical wiring harness for motor vehicles

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

2. Year-to-date annual total exports decreased

The year-to-date annual total export earnings, that is from January to May 2023, amounted to USD 28.21 billion. This represents an annual decrease of -11.5 percent from the year-to-date annual total export value of USD 31.89 billion in January to May 2022. (Table 4)

3. Electronic products commodity group remained the highest on export sales

By commodity group, electronic products continued to be the country's top exports in May 2023 with total earnings of USD 3.70 billion or 57.5 percent of the country's total exports during the period. This was followed by other mineral products with an export value of USD 346.60 million (5.4%); and other manufactured goods, which amounted to USD 319.59 million (5.0%). (Figure 3 and Table 3)



^{2/ -} extracted from copper ores and concentrates

a - no export data

p - preliminary

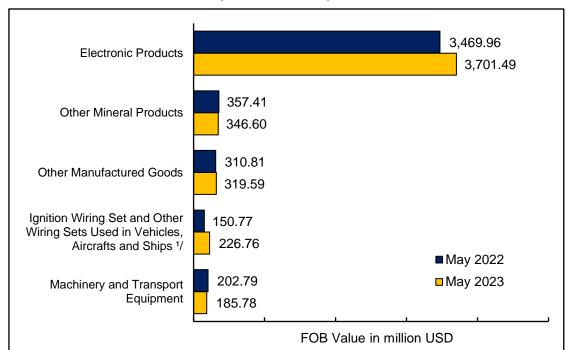


Figure 3. Top Five Commodity Groups in Terms of Value of Exports
May 2022 and May 2023^p

1/ - consists only of electrical wiring harness for motor vehicles

p - preliminary

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

4. Manufactured goods still comprised the largest portion of total exports among major types of goods

By major type of goods, exports of manufactured goods contributed the largest to the country's total exports in May 2023 amounting to USD 5.20 billion (80.7%). This was followed by mineral products with a share of USD 670.24 million (10.4%); and total agro-based products, which contributed USD 443.21 million (6.9%). (Figure 4 and Table 5)



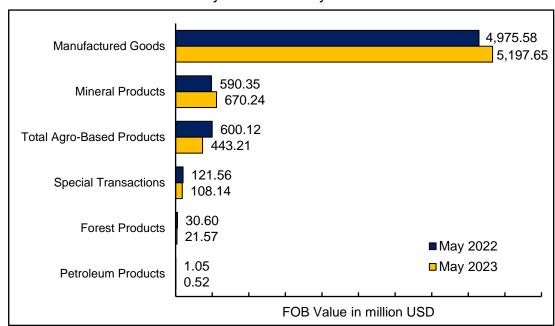


Figure 4. Value of Philippine Exports by Major Type of Goods May 2022 and May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

5. People's Republic of China contributed the highest to the total export value

By major trading partner, exports to People's Republic of China comprised the highest export value amounting to USD 1.07 billion or a share of 16.6 percent to the country's total exports during the month.

Completing the top five major export trading partners in May 2023 with their export values and percent shares to the total exports were:

- a) United States of America (USA), USD 1.01 billion (15.7%);
- b) Japan, USD 930.56 million (14.4%);
- c) Hong Kong, USD 665.00 million (10.3%); and
- d) Netherlands, USD 346.65 million (5.4%). (Figure 5 and Table 7)



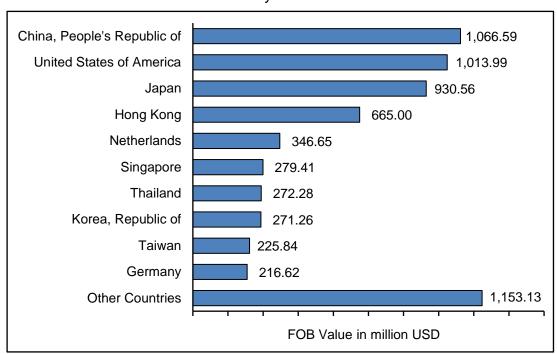


Figure 5. Value of Philippine Exports by Major Partner Country May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

6. Majority of exports were for Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) countries

By economic bloc, majority of the country's merchandise exports in May 2023 went to the APEC countries with a share of USD 5.28 billion (81.9%) to the country's total exports. This was followed by East Asia, valued at USD 3.16 billion (49.1%), and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) at USD 919.45 million (14.3%). (Figure 6, and Tables 8 and 16)



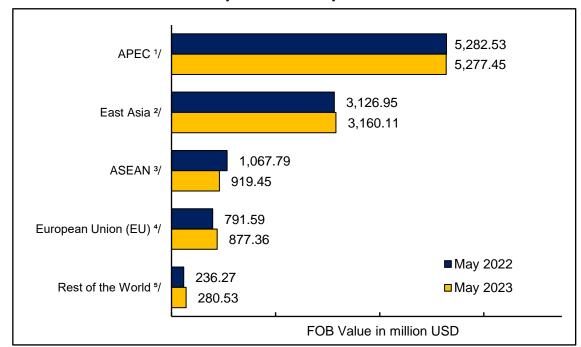


Figure 6. Value of Philippine Exports by Economic Bloc May 2022 and May 2023^p

- 1/ includes Australia, Brunei Darussalam, Canada, Chile, China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Russia, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam, and United States of America (includes Alaska and Hawaii)
- 2/ includes China, Hong Kong, Japan, Macau, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, and Taiwan
- 3/ includes Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore, Thailand, and Vietnam
- 4/ includes Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and UK Great Britain
- 5/ includes all other countries not included in the economic bloc
- p preliminary

Details do not add up to total due to some countries which are in multiple economic blocs.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

7. Eastern Asia contributed the highest export value by geographic region

By geographic region, Eastern Asia comprised the highest export value in May 2023 amounting to USD 3.16 billion (49.1%). This was followed by Northern America with an export value of USD 1.07 billion (16.6%) and Southeastern Asia with USD 919.46 million (14.3%) worth of export value. (Figure 7 and Table 17)



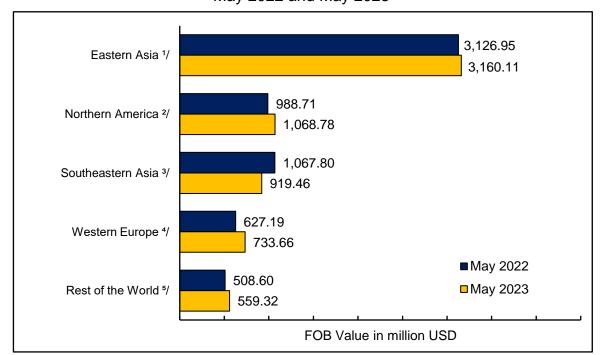


Figure 7. Value of Philippine Exports by Geographic Region May 2022 and May 2023^p

- 1/ includes People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan, Japan, Mongolia, and Republic of Korea
- 2/ includes Alaska, Bermuda, Canada, Greenland, Saint Pierre and Miquelon, and United States of America
- 3/ includes Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste, and Vietnam
- 4/ includes Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Monaco, Netherlands, Netherlands Antilles, and Switzerland
- 5/ includes all other countries not included in the Top 4 geographic regions
- p preliminary

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

C. IMPORTS

1. Import value decreased in May 2023

The total imported goods in May 2023 amounted to USD 10.84 billion from USD 11.88 billion in the same month of the previous year, indicating an annual decrease of -8.8 percent. In April 2023, it recorded an annual decrease of -15.0 percent, while in May 2022, it exhibited a double-digit annual increase of 30.2 percent. (Figures 1 and 8, and Tables A, 1, and 2)



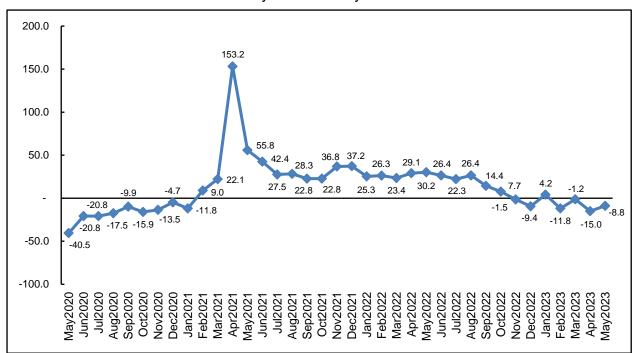


Figure 8. Year-on-Year Growth Rate (%) of Value of Philippine Imports May 2020 to May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

In May 2023, the commodity group with the highest decrement in the value of imported goods was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials at USD -675.26 million. This was followed by electronic products, which declined by USD -580.33 million; and iron and steel by USD -164.79 million. (Tables C and 9)



Table C. Top Five Commodity Groups with the Highest Annual Decrease in Value of Imports: May 2023^p

Commodity Groups		(i	Rank in terms of May 2023		
		May 2022	May 2023 ^p	Difference	FOB value
1)	Mineral Fuels, Lubricants and Related Materials	2,132.55	1,457.29	-675.26	2
2)	Electronic Products	2,781.09	2,200.75	-580.33	1
3)	Iron and Steel	676.19	511.39	-164.79	4
4)	Cereals and Cereal Preparations	385.11	312.34	-72.77	8
5)	Animal and Vegetable Oils and Fats	158.43	97.91	-60.52	26

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

2. Year-to-date annual total import value decreased

vear-to-date value, The annual total from import that is January to May 2023. amounted to USD 52.20 billion. This represents an annual decrement of -6.6 percent from the total import value of USD 55.86 billion in January to May 2022. (Table 10)

3. Electronic products recorded the highest import value among commodity groups

The commodity group with the highest imported value in May 2023 was electronic products, which amounted to USD 2.20 billion or a share of 20.3 percent to the country's total imports. This was followed by mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials at USD 1.46 billion (13.4%); and transport equipment at USD 1.23 billion (11.3%). (Figure 9 and Table 9)

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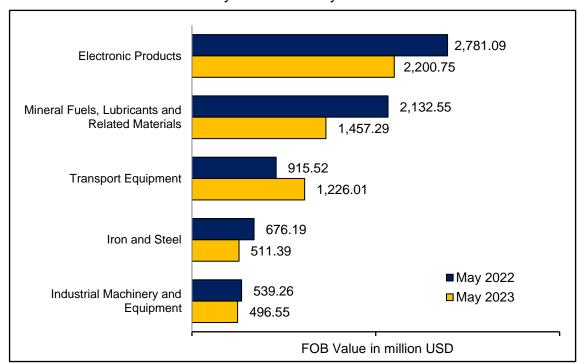


Figure 9. Top Five Commodity Groups in Terms of Value of Imports
May 2022 and May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

4. Imports of raw materials and intermediate goods contributed the highest among major types of goods

By major type of goods, imports of raw materials and intermediate goods accounted for the largest share to the country's total imports in May 2023 amounting to USD 4.05 billion (37.4%). Imports of capital goods ranked second with a share of USD 3.16 billion (29.2%), followed by consumer goods with an import value of USD 2.13 billion (19.7%). (Figure 10 and Table 11)



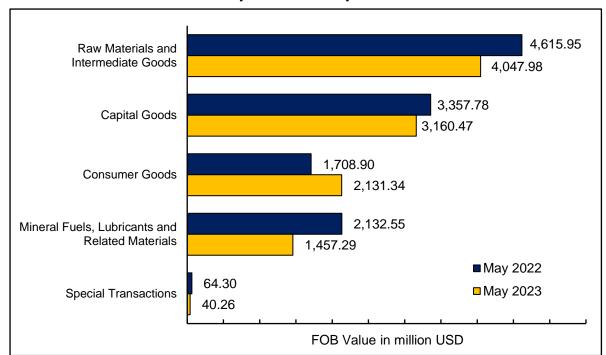


Figure 10. Value of Philippine Imports by Major Type of Goods May 2022 and May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

5. People's Republic of China had the highest import value

People's Republic of China was the country's biggest supplier of imported goods valued at USD 2.60 billion or 24.0 percent of the country's total imports in May 2023.

Completing the top five major import trading partners for this month with their corresponding import values and percent shares to the total imports were:

- a. Indonesia, USD 917.05 million (8.5%);
- b. Japan, USD 794.92 million (7.3%);
- c. USA, USD 724.44 million (6.7%); and
- d. Republic of Korea, USD 712.79 million (6.6%). (Figure 11 and Table 13)



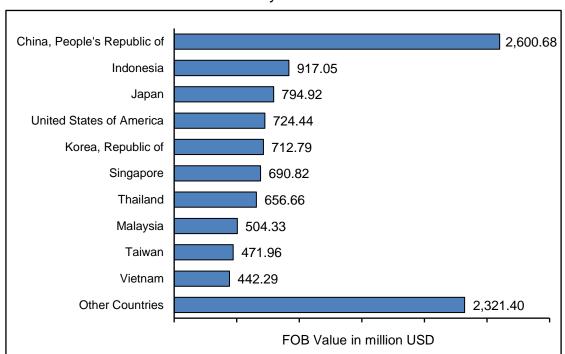


Figure 11. Value of Philippine Imports by Major Partner Country May 2023^p

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

6. Imports came largely from APEC member countries

By economic bloc, APEC countries were the biggest suppliers of the country's imported goods in May 2023 with a share of USD 9.15 billion (84.4%). This was followed by East Asia with an import value of USD 4.75 billion (43.8%), and ASEAN with USD 3.24 billion (29.9%). (Figure 12, and Tables 14 and 16)



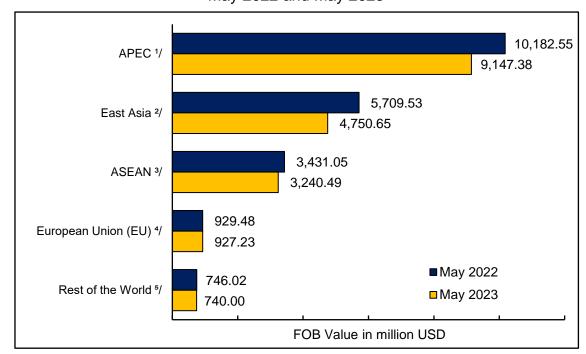


Figure 12. Value of Philippine Imports by Economic Bloc May 2022 and May 2023^p

- 1/ includes Australia, Brunei Darussalam, Canada, Chile, China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Russia, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam, and United States of America (includes Alaska and Hawaii)
- 2/ includes China, Hong Kong, Japan, Macau, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, and Taiwan
- 3/ includes Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam
- 4/ includes Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and UK Great Britain
- 5/ includes all other countries not included in the economic bloc
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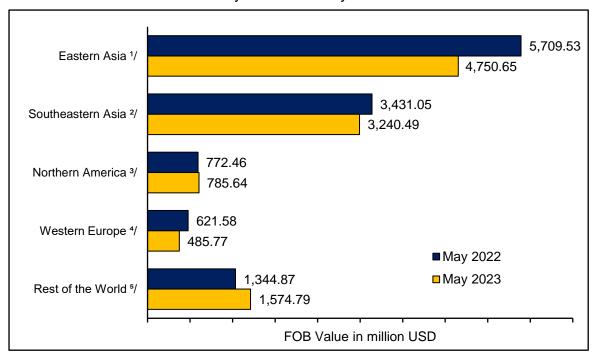
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

7. Eastern Asia contributed the highest import value among geographic region

By geographic region, Eastern Asia had the highest import value of USD 4.75 billion (43.8%) in May 2023. This was followed by Southeastern Asia with an import value amounting to USD 3.24 billion (29.9%), and Northern America valued at USD 785.64 million (7.2%). (Figure 13 and Table 17)



Figure 13. Value of Philippine Imports by Geographic Region May 2022 and May 2023^p



- 1/ includes People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan, Japan, Mongolia, and Republic of Korea
- 2/ includes Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste, and Vietnam
- 3/ includes Alaska, Bermuda, Canada, Greenland, Saint Pierre and Miquelon, and United States of America
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Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



Undersecretary National Statistician and Civil Registrar General

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