



Department of Labor and Employment Manila, Philippines

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# THE PHILIPPINE OVERSEAS EMPLOYMENT: UNDERSTANDING ITS TREND AND STRUCTURAL CHANGE (Part 1)



This Labstat issue is the first of a five-part series focusing on the trend and structure of overseas employment. The report covered data series spanning 32 years based on deployment data compiled by the Philippine Overseas Employment Administration (POEA) and its predecessor offices, namely, the Overseas Employment Development Board (OEDB) and the National Seamen Board (NSB). This issue presents a discussion on the growth and long-term movements of overseas deployment. It describes the four subperiods that made up the series for land-based workers and the stable pattern observed for sea-based deployment.

#### **OVERVIEW**

The three decades past witnessed the rapid growth in the number of **Filipinos** employed overseas as globalization continuously create an environment conducive to of people freer mobility economic borders. This phenomenon impacts positively on the Philippine labor market as it has created an avenue for more employment for Filipino workers opportunities abroad. Hence, overseas employment continued to be a viable alternative in managing the surplus in the Philippine labor market.

To date, the contribution of the Overseas Filipino Workers (OFWs) to the nation's coffers in terms of foreign exchange remittances has grown substantially from only 3.3 percent of the country's gross national product (GNP) in 1991 to 10.8 percent in 2004. A 2004 World Bank report has in fact ranked the Philippines as one of the labor sending countries with the

highest remittances, next to India, China and Mexico.

The above considerations have increased the saliency of examining the pattern of overseas employment in the Philippines. After three decades of implementation, it is worthwhile to study the trend and structural change overseas employment in country to understand their behavior possibly identify appropriate interventions to further harness the positive effects and at the same time manage the weaknesses of pursuing overseas employment as alternative to domestic employment.

This report was thus prepared in pursuit of this task using the overseas deployment data compiled since 1972 by the Philippine Overseas Employment Administration (POEA) and its predecessor offices, namely, the Overseas Employment

Development Board (OEDB) and National Seamen Board (NSB).

This report contains a detailed statistical analysis of the deployment data series. It provides an elaboration of the results of the decomposition of overall and region-specific deployment data series with respect to the presence or absence cvclical patterns and irregular components that measures the volatility in the series. The report also discusses the events and labor market conditions of (e.g., emergence new markets and shifts in occupational demand) that may have affected the behavior of the data series overtime.

## ANALYSIS OF THE OVERALL DEPLOYMENT TREND

The sphere of analysis of total deployment data for the period 1972-2004 covers only the behavior of land-based and sea-based deployment data regardless of the labor market occasions. This was done to determine the patterns and events across continents that could have affected the movement of the data

series regardless of the labor market destinations.

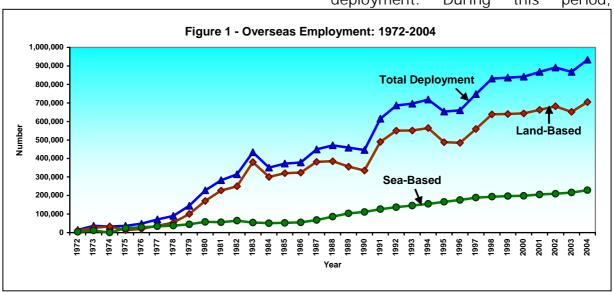
## Deployment of Land-based Workers

Figure 1 shows the dramatic rise in the magnitude of overseas employment over the past 32 years. From a modest deployment of 14,366 workers in 1972, the annual deployment figures have grown by leaps and bounds to reach almost a million mark or 933,588 in 2004. Within the period 1972-2004, four subperiods can be observed as shown below:

Sub- Period	Overall Trend	Average Annual Growth			
1972-1983	Sustained and rapid growth rate	41.1%			
1984-1990	Volatility and general slowdown	1.0%			
1991-1998	Return to recovery path	8.8%			
1999-2004	Steady but modest growth rate	2.0%			

Source: POEA

Of the four subperiods, the 1972-1983 period was the most important as it was characterized by a sustained and rapid growth in deployment. During this period,



deployment accelerated by an average of 41.1 percent annually or an increase of 30-folds over the period.

The second subperiod (1984-1990) was marked by volatility and general slowdown. For the first time, deployment fell in 1984 (-19.2%). It posted modest increases in 1985 to 1988 before declining again in 1989 (-2.6%) and 1990 (-2.7%).

The third subperiod (1991-1998) reflects a return to recovery path. Deployment expanded by a respectable 8.8 percent annually, despite the decline in 1995 (-9.0%). The final phase (1999-2004) was capped by a steady but a modest growth in deployment. Except for a decline in 2003 (-2.7%), average annual deployment over this period stood at 2.0 percent ranging from a low of 0.6 percent to a high of 7.6 percent.

By and large, the behavior of the data series over the span of 32 years was dictated by the outflow of land-based workers. This category of workers comprised more than three-fourths of total deployment at any given year and their movement overtime has been erratic except during the first 11 years of the data series.

### Deployment of Sea-based Workers

In contrast to the wave-like movement that characterized the land-based deployment data series, the sea-based deployment data series exhibited a continuous and increasing trend except for a brief fluctuation in the early years of the eighties. This observation suggests the absence of a cyclical pattern on the deployment data of sea-based workers.

In particular, annual deployment for sea-based workers increased steadily from 3,674 in 1972 to 229,002 in 2004. This represents an increase of more than 60-folds during the span of 32 years. Overall, sea-based workers' deployment grew at an average growth rate of about 9.0 percent annually. Double-digit growth rates occurred between 1976 and 1980 (ranging from 10.6% to 27.6%) and also in the years 1982 1987 (22.6%),(16.0%)1988 (28.2%), 1989 (20.2%) and 1991 (13.1%). On the other hand, there were only four years that deployment decline, i.e., recorded а (96.5%), 1981 (3.3%), 1983 (15.9%) and 1984 (6.9%).

#### FOR INQUIRIES:

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## Overseas Employment by Type and Area of Destination Philippines: 1972-2004

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
TOTAL DEPLOYMENT	14,366	36,418	33,157	36,035	47,835	70,375	90,360	144,936	228,202	282,506	314,284	434,207	350,982	372,784	378,214	449,271	471,030
LAND-BASED	10,692	25,320	32,764	12,501	19,221	36,676	53,080	100,118	171,006	227,199	250,115	380,263	300,378	320,494	323,517	382,229	385,117
Middle East	304	376	1,262	1,552	7,813	25,721	34,441	73,210	132,044	183,582	211,003	323,414	250,210	253,867	236,434	272,038	267,035
Asia	2,743	9,034	18,117	4,217	5,399	5,290	9,994	12,604	17,708	20,322	31,011	40,814	38,817	52,838	72,536	90,434	92,648
Europe	2,071	5,516	5,602	3,160	2,902	2,482	1,268	673	846	1,126	1,465	2,878	3,683	4,067	3,693	5,643	7,614
Africa	43	221	182	342	473	515	1,305	1,134	1,611	2,144	1,098	2,353	1,843	1,977	1,847	1,856	1,958
Americas	1,326	3,580	4,857	1,778	1,385	2,266	3,371	3,744	3,534	2,101	3,707	5,654	2,515	3,744	4,035	5,614	7,902
Trust Territories	4,184	6,387	2,177	901	1,116	263	502	842	1,486	1,438	1,148	3,077	2,397	3,048	3,892	5,373	6,563
Oceania	21	206	567	551	133	139	80	312	165	223	683	2,073	913	953	1,080	1,271	1,397
SEA-BASED	3,674	11,098	393	23,534	28,614	33,699	37,280	44,818	57,196	55,307	64,169	53,944	50,604	52,290	54,697	67,042	85,913
UNSPECIFIED/OTHERS	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,119	7,599	13,612	16,263			-	-	-	-	-
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
TOTAL DEPLOYMENT	458,626	446,095	615,019	686,461	696,630	718,407	653,574	660,122	747,696	831,643	837,020	841,628	867,599	891,908	867,969	933,588	
LAND-BASED	355,346	334,883	489,260	549,655	550,872	564,031	488,173	484,653	559,227	638,343	640,331	643,304	662,648	682,315	651,938	704,586	-
Middle East	241,081	218,110	302,825	340,604	302,975	286,387	234,310	221,224	221,047	279,767	287,076	283,291	297,533	306,939	285,564	352,314	
Asia	86,196	90,768	132,592	134,776	168,205	194,120	166,774	174,308	235,129	307,261	299,521	292,067	285,051	292,077	255,287	266,609	
Europe	7,830	6,853	13,156	14,590	13,423	11,513	10,279	11,409	12,626	26,422	30,707	39,296	43,019	45,363	37,981	55,116	
Africa	1,741	1,273	1,964	2,510	2,425	3,255	3,615	2,494	3,517	5,538	4,936	4,298	4,943	6,919	8,750	8,485	
Americas	9,962	9,557	13,373	12,319	12,228	12,603	13,469	8,378	7,058	9,152	9,045	7,624	10,679	11,532	11,049	11,692	
Trust Territories	7,289	7,380	11,409	11,164	8,890	8,489	7,039	4,869	5,280	7,677	6,622	7,421	6,823	6,075	5,023	7,177	
Oceania	1,247	942	1,374	1,669	1,507	1,295	1,398	1,577	1,970	2,524	2,424	2,386	2,061	1,917	1,698	3,023	
SEA-BASED	103,280	111,212	125,759	136,806	145,758	154,376	165,401	175,469	188,469	193,300	196,689	198,324	204,951	209,593	216,031	229,002	
UNSPECIFIED/OTHERS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	6,921	12,539	15,089	47,353	170	