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THE PHILIPPINE OVERSEAS EMPLOYMENT: UNDERSTANDING ITS TREND AND STRUCTURAL CHANGE (Part 3)



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This Labstat issue is the third of a five-part series focusing on the trend and structure of overseas employment. The report covered data series spanning 32 years based on deployment data compiled by the Philippine Overseas Employment Administration (POEA) and its predecessor offices, namely, the Overseas Employment Development Board (OEDB) and the National Seamen Board (NSB). This issue takes a closer look on overseas employment in terms of the migration waves that emerged over the last three decades. In particular, it describes the trends and patterns of migration streams in the three major regional labor market destinations for Filipino workers.

THE REGIONAL LABOR MARKETS

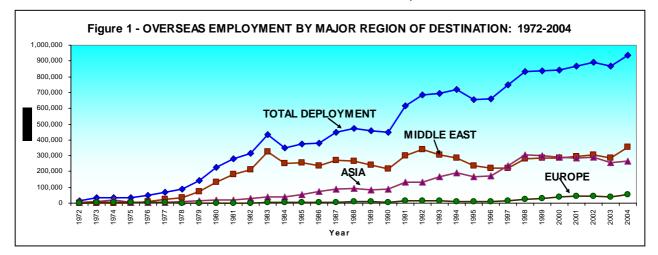
Migration Waves

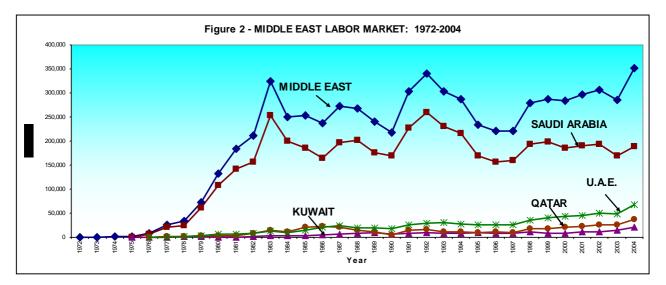
Globalization, brought about by economic integration greater and increasing trade liberalization, has led to freer cross-border movement not only of goods and capital, but labor as well. In the Philippines, the volume of workers leaving the country for temporary jobs abroad is overwhelmingly large in comparison with the volume of Filipinos residing permanently abroad.

Over the past three decades, various patterns and trends on temporary migration have been observed. Foremost is the emergence of migration waves to the Middle East in the 70's, the Asian countries in the 80's and Europe in the late 90's as shown in the Figure 1.

The Middle East Labor Market

The Middle Eastern region is the earliest and by far the biggest market for Filipino overseas workers. The





migration flow in this region begun in the mid-70's (1976) and reached its first peak in 1983. During this period, the region's share to total deployment rose steadily from 36.6 percent to 74.5 percent. This share has declined and stabilized at slightly over onethird of total annual deployment.

Until recently, this market managed to experience a surge in deployment (in 1992 and 2004) that even exceeded the magnitude attained during the first peak in 1983.

On the whole, deployment in the Middle East comprised nearly onehalf (43.4%) of the total outflow of workers since 1972.

The Middle East labor market is dominated by Saudi Arabia which accounted for over 70 percent (71.4%) of the aggregate deployment in the region.

Other countries which recorded notable shares include the United Arab Emirates (10.2 percent), Kuwait (5.9%), Qatar (2.9%), Libya (2.3%) and Bahrain (2.2%).

The Asian Labor Market

Asian The labor market emerged in the early part of the 80's with the opening of markets in Hong Japan and Singapore Kong, for domestic helpers, entertainers and IT professional workers. Taiwan was a late comer as it opened its market for factory workers only in the early part of the 90's. Nevertheless, the growth in Taiwan market was particularly rapid between the period 1992 and 1998 when deployment accelerated from 1,193 to 87,360.

The Asian labor market ranked second to the Middle East in terms of volume of deployment. Specifically, it accounted for one-fourth (25.2%) of the total deployment since 1972. This market experienced a robust and sustained growth in deployment for a period of 18 years (1980-1998). Throughout this period, the annual deployment increased by 17-folds, from 17,798 to 307,261. It even exceeded the volume of deployment in the Middle East between 1998 and 2000.

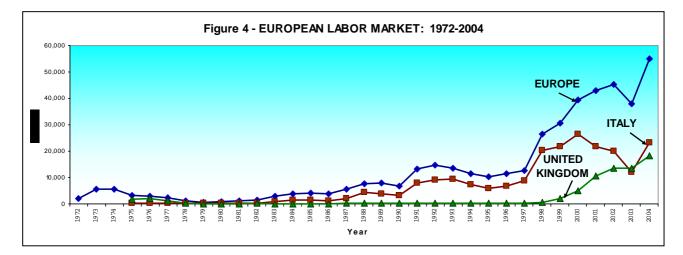


However, the Asian market has been showing signs of slowing down over the past six years as deployment in Hong Kong and Taiwan exhibited a declining trend. Only the Singapore market showed stable growth rates, while deployment in Japan is expected to be sluggish in the future due to the restrictive labor policy for the entry of foreign entertainers recently adopted by the Japanese government.

The European Labor Market

The Europe labor market may be considered as an infant market for OFWs compared with the Middle East and Asian labor markets. Its share to total deployment over the last three decades was quite small or only 2.8 percent. In recent years, however, deployment in this region has been on the rise. Starting 1998 deployment has gone up to 40,000 a year which is a big improvement form 11,000 recorded ten years ago. This figure now represents 6.0 percent of total deployment.

Italy accounted for the biggest share (51.0%) of the market followed, with a large margin, by United Kingdom (16.7%). The rest were scattered across Europe mainly in Greece (6.0%), Ireland (5.0%) and Spain (5.0%). Worthy of note is the



UK market, which in the past 5 years has been attracting a large number of Filipino health professionals. Deployment in this country was up by more than 50.0 percent beginning 2000.

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COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
MIDDLE EAST	304	376	1,262	1,552	7,813	25,721	34,441	73,210	132,044	183,582	211,003	323,414	250,210	253,867	236,434	272,038	267,035
Bahrain Israel				121	302	750	662	1,045	3,178	2,600	3,910	6,617	4,995 21	7,118 4	6,711 53	6,556 46	5,605 71
Kuwait				-	28	1,745	2,070	2,742	2,723	3,347	8,604	14,781	11,385	21,167	22,888	21,377	14,211
Lebanon Libya				-	-	4 137	2 220	24 515	630 4,065	635 4,584	453 6,991	1,694 11,042	561 6,033	612 5,708	587 4,328	166 5,074	138 7,620
Qatar				1	42	34	1,583	1,161	616	625	1,357	2,863	2,756	3,751	5,113	6,610	7,706
Saudi Arabia U A E				403	5,889 71	20,449 496	24,948	61,834	108,381	141,678	156,527	253,080	200,203 9,832	185,837	164,832	197,219	201,451
Rest of Middle East				-	/1	490	1,350	3,134	5,709	6,538	7,762	12,831	9,832	15,093 14,577	20,528 11,394	24,168 10,822	19,484 10,749
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
MIDDLE EAST	241,081	218,110	302,825	340,604	302,975	286,387	234,310	221,224	221,047	279,767	287,076	283,291	297,533	306,939	285,564	352,314	
Bahrain	7,581	5,804	8,863	9,717	6,461	6,127	4,131	4,529	3,341	5,180	5,592	5,498	5,861	6,034	6,406	8,257	
Israel	185	94	70	103	159	245	675	628	774	2,022	3,488	4,429	5,562	5,049	5,094	5,639	
Kuwait	11,304	5,007	14,819	15,872	11,256	11,486	9,852	10,802	10,205	17,372	17,628	21,490	21,956	25,894	26,225	36,591	
Lebanon	124	67	353	1,043	1,483	1,672	1,878	1,460	998	1,342	1,674	2,783	3,350	3,046	2,786	7,795	
Libya Qatar	6,275 9,293	3,508 7,138	5,988 7,485	6,363 9,098	7,176 8,202	6,908 8,811	6,874 9,691	8,221 7,889	6,270 8,294	7,084 10,734	5,937 7,950	5,962 8,523	5,489 10,769	6,114 11,516	5,083 14,344	5,728 21,360	
Saudi Arabia	176,300	169,886	228,139	260,112	230,996	215,361	168,604	155,848	160,302	193,698	198,556	184,625	190,732	193,157	169,011	188,107	
UAE	19,865	17,189	26,601	28,839	30,045	27,713	26,235	26,069	25,579	35,485	39,633	43,045	44,631	50,796	49,164	68,386	_
Rest of Middle East	10,154	9,417	10,507	9,457	7,197	8,064	6,370	5,778	5,284	6,850	6,618	6,681	9,183	5,333	7,451	10,451	

Overseas Employment by Country of Destination Middle East: 1972-2004

Source: Philippine Overseas Employment Administration.

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
ASIA	2,743	9,034	18,117	4,217	5,399	5,290	9,994	12,604	17,708	20,322	31,011	40,814	38,817	52,838	72,536	90,434	92,648
Brunei Hong Kong Japan Korea Malaysia				49 865 2,275 72	32 617 3,450 127	17 865 3,603 257	50 3,091 5,648 612	286 3,046 8,020 561	991 3,535 11,966 193	709 5,172 12,721 543	3,701 7,424 13,685 973	3,831 13,178 12,057 1,391	2,251 17,442 11,656 29 493	3,292 22,020 16,029 31 477	4,643 25,594 24,571 44 1,680	4,737 30,811 33,791 59 2,431	5,528 34,793 41,289 78 1,637
Singapore Taiwan Rest of Asia				143	188	179 9	89 6	58 12	112 225	407 128	4,337 55	9,036 28	5,886 6 1,054	10,047 9 933	15,093 15 896	17,601 3 1,001	8,221 37 1,065
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION ASIA	1989 86,196	1990 90,768	1991 132,592	1992 134,776	1993 168,205	1994 194,120	1995 166,774	1996 174,308	1997 235,129	1998 307,261	1999 299,521	2000 292,067	2001 285,051	2002 288,481	2003 254,520	2004 266,609	

Overseas Employment by Country of Destination ASIA: 1972-2004

Source: Philippine Overseas Employment Administration.

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
EUROPE	2,071	5,516	5,602	3,160	2,902	2,482	1,268	673	846	1,126	1,465	2,878	3,683	4,067	3,693	5,643	7,614
Cyprus Ireland Italy United Kingdom Rest of Europe				287 1,851	371 2,011	412 1,177	239 424	280 77	306 26	424 23	281 253	154 1,011 91	2 1,567 85 2,029	41 6 1,413 145 2,462	115 4 1,281 138 2,155	32 4 2,099 173 3,335	36 5 4,522 226 2,825
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
EUROPE	7,830	6,853	13,156	14,590	13,423	11,513	10,279	11,409	12,626	26,422	30,707	39,296	43,019	45,363	37,981	55,116	
Cyprus Ireland Italy United Kingdom Rest of Europe	47 4 3,940 277 3,562	88 4 3,229 151 3,381	104 4 8,038 298 4,712	246 10 9,251 275 4,808	277 8 9,367 221 3,550	345 7 7,421 169 3,571	696 11 5,829 218 3,525	678 12 6,780 198 3,741	677 15 8,915 267 2,752	941 18 20,233 502 4,728	1,168 126 21,673 1,918 5,822	1,500 793 26,386 4,867 5,750	1,548 3,734 21,641 10,720 5,376	1,836 4,507 20,034 13,655 5,331	1,637 5,642 12,175 13,598 4,929	2,134 5,439 23,329 18,347 5,867	

Overseas Employment by Country of Destination EUROPE: 1972-2004

Source: Philippine Overseas Employment Administration.