

Department of Labor and Employment Manila, Philippines

Vol. 16 No. 8



February 2012

2010 SURVEY OF EMPLOYMENT in Philippine Industry and Services Sectors

Profile of Establishments Resorting to Outsourcing or Contracting Out Jobs/Services

(Last of a four-part series)

This LABSTAT Updates is based on the results of the 2009/2010 BLES Integrated Survey of Establishments (BITS). The BITS is a nationwide sample survey covering 6,780 establishments with at least 20 workers in the industry and services sectors. This issue presents statistics on the extent by which establishments contracted out work, jobs or services outside their premises as of June 30, 2010. It also features the economic characteristic of establishments engaged in this practice.

OVERVIEW

Contracting out jobs/services emerged in the 1980s as a response of firms to deal with the increasing competitions brought about by trade globalization. This flexible measure allows establishments to cope with the fluctuating demands for their products in the market and reduce cost by concentrating on their core business and outsourcing non-core backoffice jobs, activities (e.g., logistics and courier services, HR and training services, etc.) to other parties.

As defined in the survey, "contracting out" is an arrangement whereby a principal (i.e., the establishment) agrees to put out or farm out with a third party (i.e., contractor or subcontractor) the performance or completion of a specific job, work or service that is <u>done outside</u> the establishment. This <u>excludes</u> subcontracting that involved agency-hired workers who work within the firm's premises such as security guards and janitors (Refer to LABSTAT Updates Vol. 16 No. 7, February 2012).

SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS

Number of establishments engaged in contracting out/outsourcing

- The number of establishments resorting to outsourcing or contracting out of job, work or service was placed at 2,471. This figure represents 10.4% of the estimated 23,723 establishments. This suggests that this type of working arrangement is not a common practice among establishments. (Table 1)
- Certain industries exhibited incidence of subcontracting that is well above the overall industry average. These include financial intermediation (15.7%), manufacturing (14.7%) and construction (11.9%).

Disclaimer: The Bureau of Labor and Employment Statistics (BLES) bears no responsibility for the use of data or for interpretation or inferences made by data users outside BLES.

- Lower proportions were observed in mining and quarrying (10.9%); private health and social work (10.6%); and wholesale and retail trade, and real estate, renting and business activities at 10.0% each.
- The bulk of establishments resorting to this type of work arrangement were mainly in manufacturing (31.2%); wholesale and retail trade (19.9%); and real estate. renting and business (11.1%). activities Altogether, they comprised 62.2% of total establishments engaged in contracting out.
- The rest were spread thinly across nine major industry groups with the lowest shares reported in other community, social and personal service activities (1.8%); electricity, gas and water supply (0.9%); and mining and quarrying (0.3%).

Profile of Establishments Resorting to Contracting Out/ Outsourcing

Employment size

 The proportion of establishments engaged in subcontracting varies slightly for medium-sized (10.6%) and small-sized (9.8%) establishments. On the other hand, large-sized establishments reported a higher proportion (14.0%). (Table 2)

Ownership

Firms with foreign equity were more open to the idea of outsourcing than those solely Filipinos. The owned by proportions were higher among establishments with foreign

TABLE 1 – Non-Agricultural Establishments Engaged in
Subcontracting with at Least 20 Workers by
Major Industry Group, Philippines: 2010

MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP	Total Establish-	Establishments Engaged in Subcontracting				
	ments	No.	% Share to Industry	% Distribution		
ALL INDUSTRIES	23,723	2,471	10.4	100.0		
Mining and Quarrying	55	6	10.9	0.3		
Manufacturing	5,253	770	14.7	31.2		
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	575	23	4.0	0.9		
Construction	645	76	11.9	3.1		
Wholesale and Retail Trade	4,928	492	10.0	19.9		
Hotels and Restaurants	3,166	235	7.4	9.5		
Transport, Storage and Communications	1,341	118	8.8	4.8		
Financial Intermediation	972	153	15.7	6.2		
Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	2,749	275	10.0	11.1		
Private Education Services	2,639	212	8.0	8.6		
Private Health and Social Work	616	66	10.6	2.7		
Other Community. Social and Personal Service Activities	784	44	5.6	1.8		

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding. Source: BLES, 2009/2010 BITS.

> partners (17.7%) and those fully owned by foreigners (14.2%) than those locally-owned (9.5%).

Type of Market

 Similarly, export-oriented establishments have greater tendency to practice outsourcing than those serving only the local market. Higher proportions of establishments were noted among those that sold their products partly (19.1%) or fully (13.6%) for export than those that sold their products or services only for the domestic market (9.7%).

Unionism/CBA

 The practice of contracting out or outsourcing has little bearing on whether or not the establishments have unions or CBAs as the proportions of establishments varied from 10-12%.

TABLE 2 – Non-Agricultural Establishments Engaged in Subcontracting with at Least 20 Workers by Employment Size, Ownership, Market Type and Unionism/CBA, Philippines: 2010

	Total	Establishments Engaged in Subcontracting						
INDICATOR	Establish- ments	No.	% Share to Total Estab- lishments	% Distri- bution				
TOTAL	23,723	2,471	10.4	100.0				
Employment Size 20 – 99 workers 100 – 199 workers 200 workers or more	17,987 2,877 2,859	1,767 305 399	9.8 10.6 14.0	71.5 12.3 16.1				
Ownership Wholly Filipino With foreign equity Wholly foreign	20,155 1,505 2,063	1,913 266 292	9.5 17.7 14.2	77.4 10.8 11.8				
Market Type Wholly domestic Export only Both market	20,908 1,799 1,016	2,032 244 194	9.7 13.6 19.1	82.2 9.9 7.9				
Unionism With union Without union	2,065 21,658	254 2,216	12.3 10.2	10.3 89.7				
CBA With CBA Without CBA	1,980 21,743	247 2,224	12.5 10.2	10.0 90.0				

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding. Source: BLES, 2009/2010 BITS.

Type of jobs/services contracted out

- Accounting and financial services was the most common type of jobs/services contracted out by establishments to a third party. This was reported by more than two-fifths (44.2% or 1,091) of the total establishments engaged in contracting. (*Table 3*)
- Courier services (24.4%) placed second followed by transport services (18.7%); human resource/recruitment (17.0%); learning/training (12.1%); and billing and payment (11.0%).
- Contracting out of jobs related to production/assembly was resorted to by only 193 firms or 7.8% of the total 2,471 establishments resorting to contracting.

FOR INQUIRIES

Regarding this report contact **Employment and Manpower Statistics Division** at 527-3000 loc. 312/313 Regarding other statistics and technical services contact **BLES Data Bank** 527-9311 (Telefax) Or Write to BLES c/o **Data Bank**, 3/F DOLE Bldg., Gen. Luna St., Intramuros, Manila, 1002 Fax: 527-9324 E-mail: bles_emsd@dole.gov.ph Website: http://www.bles.dole.gov.ph

TABLE 3 - Non-Agricultural Establishments Engaged in Subcontracting with 20 or More Workersby Type of Jobs/Services Contracted Out and Major Industry Group, Philippines: 2010

		MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP											
JOBS/SERVICES CONTRACTED OUT	All Industries	Mining and Quarrying		Electricity, Gas, and Water Supply	Construction	Wholesale and Retail Trade	Hotels and Restaurants	Transport, Storage and Communi- cations	Financial Intermed- iation	Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities	Private Education Services	Private Health and Social Work	Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities
TOTAL	2,471	9	770	23	76	492	235	118	153	275	212	66	44
Production/Assembly	193	1	152	-	19	19	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Finance/Accounting	1,091	1	240	4	27	307	134	51	35	124	84	57	26
Data Processing/ Encoding	141	-	23	4	-	17	24	10	14	19	27	2	-
Human Resource	420	-	119	1	2	46	42	14	26	57	84	29	-
Learning/Training	299	-	74	3	1	33	24	6	43	54	57	3	1
Billing and Payment	271	-	117	5	-	15	54	5	3	19	26	28	-
Transport Services	462	5	181	1	21	38	59	18	59	41	34	2	4
Courier Services	602	1	220	2	7	67	54	29	84	85	30	4	17
Packaging/Crating	108	-	54	-	-	40	-	-	-		-	-	15
Research and Development	129	1	6	-	-	14	12	-	1	38	56	-	-
Others	257	-	85	5	23	58	-	22	17	42	4	1	-

Note: Details do not add up to totals due to multiple responses. Source: BLES, 2009/2010 BITS.