Vol. 9 No. 32
September 2005

## WAGE RATES IN INDUSTRIES ... Basic Pay and Allowance in Manufacturing (Ninth of a Series)

This issue of the LABSTAT Updates is the 9th in the series of statistical releases on the results of the 2004 Occupational Wages Survey (OWS) conducted last year in coordination with the DOLE Regional Offices. The OWS is a nationwide survey covering 6,827 nonagricultural establishments employing 50 or more workers. It aims to provide statistics for wage and salary administration and for wage determination in collective bargaining negotiations.

This issue focuses on the basic pay and allowance of time-rate workers on full-time basis in 29 sub-industries of manufacturing. In the 2004 OWS, 30 sub-industries in manufacturing were surveyed on basic pay and allowance but the results for one sub-industry are excluded due to non-response of its key players.

In June 2004, the median monthly basic pay in manufacturing averaged at P 6,934 which is 8.1 percent lower than the P 7,542 average pay across all industries covered by OWS. On the other hand, the median monthly allowance at $P 867$ was 6.8 percent lower than the P 930 estimated for all industries covered.

Workers in manufacture of cement received highest basic pay


The median ${ }^{1}$ monthly basic pay of time rate workers on full-time basis in the manufacturing establishments was estimated at P 6,934 in June 2004. This is 8.1 percent lower than the all industry pay of $P 7,542$.

The highest basic pay among the 29 manufacturing industries was noted in the manufacture of cement at

P 16,521. Manufacture of beverages and manufacture of glass and glass products also had relatively high basic pay at $P 15,713$ and $P$ 13,935, respectively. (Table 1)

The lowest basic pay was in manufacture of wood and wood products except furniture at $P 4,854$. This sub-industry also reported the lowest wage rate among unskilled workers in all industries covered by the OWS. See LABSTAT Updates Vol. 9 No. 23.

1 Aside from occupational wage rates, the OWS inquires on the distribution of the time-rate workers on full-time basis along basic pay intervals per time unit of work (hourly, daily and monthly). The distribution of these workers who are given regular/guaranteed cash allowances are also inquired into. These wage distributions lead to the generation of the median monthly basic pay and the median monthly allowance. Median refers to that amount where half of the workers in the distribution receive more while the other half receives less.


#### Abstract

Manufacture of chemical and chemical products ( P 9,105); manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers ( $\mathrm{P} \quad 9,016$ ), publishing, printing and reproduction of media ( $\mathrm{P} 8,919$ ); and manufacture of other transport equipment ( $\mathrm{P} 8,049$ ) had monthly pay higher than the average for all manufacturing establishments.


The basic pay for the rest of the divisions of manufacturing had lesser differentials from each other. The pay ranged from P 5,551 (manufacture of articles of bamboo, cane rattan, cork and the like/manufacture of plaiting materials; and recycling) to $P 7,673$ (manufacture of basic metals).

## Industries with high basic pay also gave high allowances

Manufacture of cement ( P 1,149), manufacture of beverages ( P 1,351) and manufacture of glass and glass products ( $P$ 1,302) paid monthly allowances to their workers which were higher than the allmanufacturing median monthly allowance at $P$ 867. These allowances were also greater than $P$ 930, the average across all industries covered by the OWS.

Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media ( P 1,211), manufacture of chemicals and chemical products ( P 1,221), manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus, n.e.c. ( P 1,053), manufacture of other transport equipment ( $P$ 1,223), and manufacturing, n.e.c ( $P$ 1,043)
likewise gave allowances of at least P 1,000 per month.

Recycling which paid the second lowest basic pay at P 5,551, (also in manufacture of articles of bamboo, cane rattan, cork and the like/manufacture of plaiting materials) gave the biggest allowance at $P 3,150$.

The lowest monthly allowance was given by establishments engaged in manufacture of wood and wood products at P 428 which is less than half the manufacturing average at $P$ 867. The allowances of the other industries varied from P 483 (manufacture of tobacco products) to P 992 (manufacture of paper and paper products).

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## TABLE 1 - Median Monthly Basic Pay and Monthly Allowance of Time Rate Workers on Full-Time Basis in Manufacturing, Philippines: June 2004

(Non-agricultural establishments employing 50 and over. Median refers to the amount where half of the workers in the basic pay or allowance distribution receive more while the other half receives less.)

| 1994 PSIC | Industry | Median Basic Pay (P) | Median <br> Allowances ${ }^{1}(\mathrm{P})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALL NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES | 7,542 | 930 |
| D | MANUFACTURING | 6,934 | 867 |
| D151-154 | Manufacture of Food Products | 6,984 | 808 |
| D155 | Manufacture of Beverages | 15,713 | 1,351 |
| D16 | Manufacture of Tobacco Products | 7,314 | 483 |
| D17 | Manufacture of Textiles | 6,930 | 887 |
| D18 | Manufacture of Wearing Apparel | 6,401 | 858 |
| D191 | Tanning and Dressing of Leather; Manufacture of Luggage and Handbags | 6,708 | 870 |
| D192 | Manufacture of Footwear | 6,054 | 876 |
| D201 | Manufacture of Wood and Wood Products except Furniture | 4,854 | 428 |
| D202 | Manufacture of Articles of Bamboo, Cane, Rattan, Cork and the Like; Manufacture of Plaiting Materials | 5,551 | 781 |
| D21 | Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products | 7,576 | 992 |
| D22 | Publishing, Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media | 8,919 | 1,211 |
| D23 | Manufacture of Coke, Refined Petroleum and Other Fuel Products | a | a |
| D24 | Manufacture of Chemicals and Chemical Products | 9,105 | 1,221 |
| D251 | Manufacture of Rubber Products | 6,896 | 789 |
| D252 | Manufacture of Plastic Products | 6,995 | 867 |
| D261 | Manufacture of Glass and Glass Products | 13,935 | 1,302 |
| D262 | Manufacture of Cement | 16,521 | 1,149 |
| D269 | Manufacture of Non-Metallic Mineral Products, n.e.c. | 6,791 | 910 |
| D27 | Manufacture of Basic Metals | 7,673 | 817 |
| D28 | Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products, Except Machinery and Equipment | 6,749 | 880 |
| D29 | Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment, n.e.c. | 7,550 | 947 |
| D30 | Manufacture of Office, Accounting and Computing Machinery | 7,017 | 815 |
| D31 | Manufacture of Electrical Machinery and Apparatus, n.e.c. | 7,392 | 1,053 |
| D32 | Manufacture of Radio, Television and Communication Equipment and Apparatus | 7,225 | 810 |
| D33 | Manufacture of Medical, Precision and Optical Instruments, Watches and Clocks | 6,504 | 956 |
| D34 | Manufacture of Motor Vehicles, Trailers and Semi-Trailers | 9,016 | 672 |
| D35 | Manufacture of Other Transport Equipment | 8,049 | 1,223 |
| D36 | Manufacture and Repair of Furniture | 5,867 | 956 |
| D37 | Recycling | 5,551 | 3,150 |
| D39 | Manufacturing, n.e.c. | 6,570 | 1,043 |

Notes: 1. Basic pay refers to pay for normal/regular working time before deductions for employees' social security contributions and withholding taxes. It excludes overtime, night shift differential and other premium pay; commissions, tips and share of employees in service charge; and payment in kind.
2. Allowances refer to regular/guaranteed cash payments. These include living allowance but exclude reimbursements for travel, entertainment, meals and other expenses, etc. incurred in conducting the business of the employer, cost of uniform/working clothes; bonuses and gratuities; family allowances.
1 Refer only to those workers given regular/guaranteed cash allowances.
Source of data: Bureau of Labor and Employment Statistics, Occupational Wages Survey.

