1 NO POVERTY

GOAL 1. ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER

Goals/Targets/Indicators [1]	Baseline [2]	Latest	Target [3]	Data Source Agency
target 1.1 — By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than $1.25 a day				
1.1.1 **Proportion of population below the international poverty line** [b 4]	**6.1** 2015	**2.7** 2018	**5.4** 2030	World Development Indicators Database, World Bank
Proportion of employed population aged 15 years old and over living below the international poverty line of US$1.90 per day [5]	**5.9** [r] 2015	**2.2** 2022	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Female employed population [5]	**4.9** [r] 2015	**2.0** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Male employed population [5]	**6.6** [r] 2015	**2.8** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Proportion of employed population aged 15 to 24 years old living below the international poverty line of US$1.90 per day [5]	**7.4** [r] 2015	**3.0** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Female employed population [5]	**5.2** [r] 2015	**2.0** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Male employed population [5]	**8.7** [r] 2015	**3.6** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Proportion of employed population aged 25 years old and over living below the international poverty line of US$1.90 per day [5]	**5.6** [r] 2015	**2.4** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Female employed population [5]	**4.9** [r] 2015	**2.0** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
Male employed population [5]	**6.1** [r] 2015	**2.6** [r] 2019	**≅0** 2030	ILOSTAT, ILO
target 1.2 — By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions				
1.2.1 **Proportion of population living below the national poverty line** [b]	**23.5** 2015	**18.1** 2021	**10.8** 2030	Official Poverty Statistics, PSA
1.2.1.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex				
Female population	**23.9** 2015	**18.4** 2021	**11.3** 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
Male population [6]	**24.5** 2015	**18.5** 2021	**11.6** 2030	Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
1.2.1.2 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by age group				
Children	**33.5** 2015	**26.4** 2021	**15.7** 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
Youth	**20.5** 2015	**16.6** 2021	**9.7** 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
Senior citizen	**14.4** 2015	**10.3** 2021	**6.6** 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
1.2.1.3 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by employment status				
Employed population				
15 years old and over	**19.3** 2015	**13.5** 2021	**9.0** 2030	Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
Female [6]	**16.0** 2015	**11.0** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
Male [6]	**21.4** 2015	**15.1** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
15 to 24 years old	**23.3** 2015	**17.0** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
Female [6]	**16.0** 2015	**12.8** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
Male [6]	**27.3** 2015	**19.4** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
25 years old and over	**18.6** 2015	**13.0** 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA

Goals/Targets/Indicators [1]	Baseline [2]	Latest	Target [3]	Data Source Agency
Female [6]	16.0 2015	10.8 2021		Merged FIES-LFS, PSA
Male [6]	20.2 2015	14.4 2021		Merged LFS-FIES, PSA
Unemployed population	17.5 2015	14.7 2021	8.2 2030	Merged LFS-FIES, PSA
1.2.1.4 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by geographical location				
Population residing in urban areas	13.2 2015	11.6 2021	5.8 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
Population residing in rural areas	34.0 2015	25.7 2021	15.3 2030	Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
1.2.1.5 Proportion of population aged 15 years old and above living below the national poverty line with disability	14.7 2018	17.2 2021		Official Poverty Statistics among Basic Sectors, PSA
1.2.2 **Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions** [a]				
target 1.4	**By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance**			
1.4.1 **Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services**				
1.4.1.1 Proportion of currently married women of reproductive age (15-49 years old) who have their need for family planning satisfied [provided] with modern methods [a] (same as SDG indicator 3.7.1)	56.9 2017	59.1 2022	≅100 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.1.2 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics [a] (same as SDG indicator 4.1.1)				
Proportion of children in grades 2/3 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics				
Reading, Both sexes	56.0 2018	56.0 2018		NAT, DepEd
Mathematics, Both sexes	37.1 2016	27.1 2018		NAT, DepEd
Proportion of children at the end of primary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics				
Reading, Both sexes	40.4 2016	17.7 2018		NAT, DepEd
Mathematics, Both sexes	34.8 2016	17.6 2018		NAT, DepEd
Proportion of children at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics				
Reading, Both sexes	46.0 2016	36.3 2018		NAT, DepEd
Mathematics, Both sexes	37.3 2016	13.1 2018		NAT, DepEd
1.4.1.3 Proportion of population with access to electricity [a 7] (same as SDG indicator 7.1.1)	89.6 2015	96.2 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative data, DOE
1.4.1.4 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology [a 8] (same as SDG indicator 7.1.2)	48.9 2017	57.7 2022		NDHS, PSA
Residence				
Urban	70.3 2017	77.6 2022		NDHS, PSA
Rural	31.5 2017	35.5 2022		NDHS, PSA
1.4.1.5.p1 Proportion of families with access to basic drinking water services [a] (same as SDG indicator 6.1.1.p1)	90.8 2017	96.3 2022	100.0 2030	APIS, PSA
1.4.1.6.p1 Proportion of families with access to (a) basic sanitation services and (b) handwashing facility with soap and water [a] (same as SDG indicator 6.2.1.p1)				
Proportion of families with access to basic sanitation services	73.7 2017	84.0 2022	100.0 2030	APIS, PSA
Proportion of families with access to handwashing facility with soap and water	92.9 2019	93.2 2022	100.0 2030	APIS, PSA

Goals/Targets/Indicators [1]	Baseline [2]	Latest	Target [3]	Data Source Agency
1.4.2.p1 **Proportion of families with access to secure tenure**	**97.0** 2016	**97.1** 2022	**≅100** 2030	APIS, PSA
1.4.s1 **Proportion of women aged 15-49 years with a live birth in the two years preceding the survey who received antenatal care, delivery assistance, or postnatal care from skilled health personnel for the most recent birth [c]**				
1.4.s1.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who received antenatal care from skilled health personnel for the most recent birth	**93.4** 2017	**85.9** 2022	**≅100** 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.s1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (same as SDG indicator 3.1.2)	**88.4** 2017	**89.6** 2022	**≅100** 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.s1.3 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years with a postnatal check-up in the first two days after birth	**86.1** 2017	**75.4** 2022	**≅100** 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.s2 **Proportion of all women and currently married women aged 15-49 years who have ever used any contraceptive methods [c]**				
1.4.s2.1 Proportion of all women aged 15-49 years who have ever used any contraceptive methods	**49.1** 2017	**49.1** 2017	**≅100** 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.s2.2 Proportion of currently married women aged 15-49 years who have ever used any contraceptive methods	**74.1** 2017	**74.1** 2017	**≅100** 2030	NDHS, PSA
1.4.s3 **Net enrolment rate [c]**				
Net enrolment rate in kindergarten [9] (same as SDG indicator 4.2.2)	**77.2** 2015 [m]	**76.3** [P] 2022	**≅100** 2030	EBEIS, DepEd
Female	**77.9** 2015	**78.4** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Male	**76.5** 2015	**74.4** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Net enrolment rate in elementary [9]	**96.9** 2015 [m]	**87.7** [P] 2022	**≅100** 2030	EBEIS, DepEd
Female	**97.2** 2015	**88.6** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Male	**96.7** 2015	**86.9** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Net enrolment rate in junior high school [9]	**73.6** 2015 [m]	**83.2** [P] 2022	**≅100** 2030	EBEIS, DepEd
Female	**79.4** 2015	**86.7** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Male	**68.1** 2015	**79.8** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Net enrolment rate in senior high school [9][10]	**37.4** 2016	**63.9** [P] 2022	**≅100** 2030	EBEIS, DepEd
Female	**44.1** 2016	**70.4** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
Male	**31.0** 2016	**57.6** [P] 2022		EBEIS, DepEd
1.4.s4 **Proportion of families with owned or owner-like possession of housing units [c]**	**61.0** 2016	**62.1** 2022	**≅100** 2030	APIS, PSA
target 1.5 **By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters**				
1.5.1 **Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population [11]** (same as SDG indicators 11.5.1 and 13.1.1)				
1.5.1.1 Number of deaths attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	**0.30** [r] 2016	**0.7** 2022	**0.0** 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
1.5.1.2 Number of missing persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	**0.04** [r] 2016	**0.2** 2022	**0.0** 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
1.5.1.3 Number of directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	**7,320.99** [r] 2016	**11,303.66** 2022	**Decreasing** 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
1.5.3 **The Philippines adopts and implements national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai framework for disaster risk reduction. * [b]** (same as SDG indicators 11.b.1 and 13.1.2)	**1** 2016	**1** 2022		Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
1.5.4 **Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies** (same as SDG indicators 11.b.2 and 13.1.3)				
National Capital Region	**52.9** 2016	**94.1** 2022	**100.0** 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD

Goals/Targets/Indicators [1]	Baseline [2]	Latest	Target [3]	Data Source Agency
Cordillera Administrative Region	94.0 2016	56.6 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region I	44.8 2016	83.7 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region II	100.0 2016	62.2 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region III	59.0 2016	98.5 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region IV-A	99.8 2016	87.1 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
MIMAROPA Region	82.0 2016	100.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region V	91.0 2016	53.3 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region VI	25.1 2016	42.4 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region VII	100.0 2016	97.1 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region VIII	100.0 2016	83.9 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region IX	100.0 2016	97.3 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region X	100.0 2016	99.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region XI	100.0 2016	100.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region XII	100.0 2016	100.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Region XIII	74.4 2016	100.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM)	12.5 2016	48.0 2022	100.0 2030	Administrative Data, NDRRMC-OCD
target 1.a	**Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions**			
1.a.1.p1	**Proportion of conditional cash transfer budget as direct poverty reduction program to the national budget [12]**	2.9 2016	1.9 2023	General Appropriations Act, DBM
1.a.2	**Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)**			
Obligation	38.1 2016	24.7 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Education	17.5 2019	14.9 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Health	4.7 2019	5.4 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Social Protection	3.8 2019	4.4 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Disbursement	40.7 2016	25.7 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Education	19.2 2019	16.0 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Health	4.7 2019	5.2 2022		SAAOB, DBM
Social Protection	3.8 2019	4.4 2022.0		SAAOB, DBM

The **SDG Watch** is compiled by the **Philippine Statistics Authority**
as the official repository of SDG indicators in the Philippines per **PSA Board Resolution No. 09 Series of 2017.**
More statistical information on the Philippine SDGs can be accessed at **http://psa.gov.ph/sdg.**

NOTES:

*	This is labeled either 1 if the country satisfies the requirement of the indicator and 0 if otherwise
a	This is a new main/sub-indicator based on the newly approved list of Philippine SDG Indicators.
b	This is a refined main/sub-indicator based on the newly approved list of Philippine SDG Indicators.
c	The indicator number was changed or transformed from another indicator classification (e.g. from global indicator to proxy indicator, from proxy indicator to supplemental indicator and etc.) based on the newly approved list of Philippine SDG Indicators.
m	Modified baseline year
p	Preliminary data
r	Revised data

1/	The list of indicators were updated based on the approved PSA Board Resolution No. 2, series of 2023, "Approving and Adopting the Refined List of the Philippine SDG Indicators" and PSA Board Resolution No. 10, series of 2023 "Approval and Adoption of the Amendments on the Refined List of the Philippine SDG Indicators".
2/	The change of the baseline year from 2016 to 2015 is to account for the accomplishment from the MDGs and for comparability with most countries that adopted 2015 as baseline, as recommended by the UNESCAP.
3/	Based on the preliminary 2030 nationally determined numerical targets for the SDGs identified through the conduct of consultation and validation workshops with both government and non-government stakeholders of NEDA, in partnership with PIDS, held last 2019.
4/	This pertains to the percentage of the population living less than $1.90 a day at 2011 international prices.
5/	This is based on the ILO model-based estimates.
6/	Special computation made by the PSA Technical Staff using the Merged FIES-LFS and the Official Poverty Thresholds.
7/	This refers to the proportion of households with access to electricity. From 2017 to present, the TFEM of DOE used the number of total potential households from the 2015 Census of Population, while for the previous years, these are based on the 2010 Census of Population and Housing.
8/	This is measured as the percentage of the population using clean fuel for cooking.
9/	Updates were based on submission of DepEd in March 2022.
10/	Estimation of this sub-indicator only started in SY 2016-2017.
11/	The data series were revised due to updated Standards Operating Procedures and Guidelines (2021 Edition) of the Natural Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Operations Center.
12/	This is limited to Conditional Cash Transfer budget only and does not refer to the expenditure.

ACRONYMS:

APIS	Annual Poverty Indicators Survey
DBM	Department of Budget and Management
DepEd	Department of Education
DOE	Department of Energy
DSWD	Department of Social Welfare and Development
EBEIS	Enhanced Basic Education Information System
FIES	Family Income and Expenditure Survey
ILO	International Labour Organization
LDRRM	Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management
LFS	Labor Force Survey
MDG	Millennium Development Goals
NAT	National Achievement Test
NDHS	National Demographic and Health Survey
NDRRMC-OCD	National Disaster and Risk Reduction Management Council-Office of Civil Defense
PSA	Philippine Statistics Authority
SAAOB	Statement of Appropriations, Allotments, Obligations, Disbursements and Balances
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
UNESCAP	United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
UNSD	United Nations Statistics Division