



# GOAL 5. ACHIEVE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER ALL WOMEN AND GIRLS

Goals/Targets/Indicators <sup>1</sup>	Baseline <sup>2</sup>	Latest	Target <sup>3</sup>	Data Source Agency
<b>target 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere.</b>				
<b>5.1.1 Frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex in the Philippines <sup>a b 4</sup></b>	<b>1</b> 2016	<b>1</b> 2022	<b>1</b> 2030	Administrative Data, PCW
<b>target 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.</b>				
<b>5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual, or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months</b>	<b>14.7</b> 2017	<b>11.9</b> 2022	<b>10.6</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
5.2.1.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months	<b>4.4</b> 2017	<b>3.2</b> 2022	<b>2.4</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
5.2.1.2 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months	<b>2.2</b> 2017	<b>1.3</b> 2022	<b>1.0</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
5.2.1.3 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months	<b>12.9</b> 2017	<b>10.5</b> 2022	<b>10.3</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
5.2.1.4 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical or sexual violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months	<b>5.5</b> 2017	<b>3.8</b> 2022		NDHS, PSA
<b>5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months</b>	<b>0.1</b> 2017	<b>0.2</b> 2022		NDHS, PSA
<b>5.2.s1 Number of reported gender-based violence cases</b>	<b>60,755</b> 2016	<b>19,112</b> 2022		Administrative Data, PNP
<b>5.2.s2 Number of reported abuse cases among women and children <sup>5</sup></b>				
5.2.s2.1 Number of reported abuse cases among women	<b>48,199</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>12,385</b> 2022		Administrative Data, PNP
5.2.s2.2 Number of reported abuse cases among children	<b>36,888</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>18,888</b> 2022		Administrative Data, PNP
<b>5.2.s3 Number of cases served by Department of Social Welfare and Development on violence against women and children <sup>6</sup></b>				
5.2.s3.1 Number of cases on violence against women served	<b>991</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>2,551</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DSWD
5.2.s3.2 Number of cases on violence against children served	<b>4,380</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>3,616</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DSWD
<b>target 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation</b>				
<b>5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18</b>				
Proportion of women married or in a union before age 15 <sup>b</sup>	<b>2.2</b> 2017	<b>1.5</b> 2022	<b>≈0.0</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
Proportion of women married or in a union before age 18 <sup>b</sup>	<b>16.5</b> 2017	<b>9.4</b> 2022	<b>≈0.0</b> 2030	NDHS, PSA
<b>target 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life.</b>				
<b>5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments</b>				
5.5.1.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments <sup>7</sup>	<b>28.7</b> 2016	<b>26.2</b> 2022	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	ERSD-COMELEC
5.5.1.2 Proportion of seats held by women in local governments	<b>29.0</b> <sup>r</sup> 2016	<b>29.1</b> 2022	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	ERSD-COMELEC
Provincial <sup>8</sup>	<b>19.7</b> 2016	<b>23.5</b> 2022	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	ERSD-COMELEC
City <sup>9</sup>	<b>21.2</b> <sup>r</sup> 2016	<b>25.7</b> 2022	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	ERSD-COMELEC
Municipal <sup>10</sup>	<b>22.4</b> <sup>r</sup> 2016	<b>23.0</b> 2022	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	ERSD-COMELEC

Goals/Targets/Indicators <sup>1</sup>		Baseline <sup>2</sup>	Latest	Target <sup>3</sup>	Data Source Agency
	Barangay <sup>11</sup>	29.3 2016	29.3 <sup>r</sup> 2018	≈50.0 2030	ERSD-COMELEC
<b>5.5.2</b>	<b>Proportion of women in managerial positions</b>	<b>46.6</b> 2016	<b>53.0</b> 2021	<b>≈50.0</b> 2030	LFS, PSA
<b>target 5.6</b>	<b>Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform of Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences</b>				
<b>5.6.1</b>	<b>Proportion of women aged 15-49 years and currently using contraception who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care <sup>a</sup></b>	<b>79.8</b> 2017	<b>82.3</b> 2022		NDHS, PSA
<b>5.6.2</b>	<b>The Philippines adopts laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years old and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education. <sup>12</sup></b>				
5.6.2.1	The Philippines adopts laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 to less than 18 years to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education * <sup>b 13</sup>	<b>0</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>0</b> 2022	<b>1</b> 2030	Administrative Data, DOH
5.6.2.2	The Philippines adopts laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 18 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education * <sup>b 14</sup>	<b>1</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>1</b> 2022	<b>1</b> 2030	Administrative Data, DOH
<b>target 5.a</b>	<b>Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws</b>				
<b>5.a.1.p1</b>	<b>Number of agricultural and residential land free patents issued <sup>b</sup></b>	<b>119,199</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>39,551</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DENR
5.a.1.p1.1	Number agricultural and residential land free patents issued to women	<b>52,842</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>19,970</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DENR
5.a.1.p1.2	Number agricultural and residential land free patents issued to men	<b>66,357</b> 2015 <sup>m</sup>	<b>19,581</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DENR
<b>5.a.1.p2</b>	<b>Number of holders of emancipation patents and certificates of land ownership <sup>b</sup></b>				
5.a.1.p2.1	Number of holders of Emancipation Patents, Total	<b>415,705</b> 2015	<b>516,843</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
	Female	<b>57,424</b> 2015	<b>96,017</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
	Male	<b>358,281</b> 2015	<b>420,826</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
5.a.1.p2.2	Number of holders of Certificates of Land Ownership, Total	<b>1,996,454</b> 2015	<b>2,028,791</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
	Female	<b>653,945</b> 2015	<b>630,369</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
	Male	<b>1,342,509</b> 2015	<b>1,398,422</b> 2021		Administrative Data, DAR
<b>5.a.1.p3</b>	<b>Number of women beneficiaries with secured land tenure in residential areas</b>	<b>20,637</b> 2017	<b>12,849</b> 2022		Administrative Data, DENR
<b>target 5.c</b>	<b>Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels</b>				
<b>5.c.1</b>	<b>Philippines has systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment. * <sup>b 15</sup></b>	<b>1</b> 2016	<b>1</b> 2022	<b>1</b> 2030	National GAD Budget Policy Implementation through GMMS, PCW

The **SDG Watch** is compiled by the **Philippine Statistics Authority** as the official repository of SDG indicators in the Philippines per **PSA Board Resolution No. 09 Series of 2017**. More statistical information on the Philippine SDGs can be accessed at <http://psa.gov.ph/sdg>.

#### NOTES:

- \* This is labeled either 1 if the country satisfies the requirement of the indicator and 0 if otherwise
- a This is a new main/sub-indicator indicator based on the newly approved list of Philippine SDG indicators.
- b This is a refined main/sub-indicator based on the newly approved list of Philippine SDG Indicators.
- m Modified baseline year
- 1/ The list of indicators were updated based on the approved PSA Board Resolution No. 2, series of 2023, "Approving and Adopting the Refined List of the Philippine SDG Indicators" and PSA Board Resolution No. 10, series of 2023 "Approval and Adoption of the Amendments on the Refined List of the Philippine SDG Indicators".
- 2/ The change of the baseline year from 2016 to 2015 is to account for the accomplishment from the MDGs and for comparability with most countries that adopted 2015 as baseline, as recommended by the UNESCAP.
- 3/ Based on the preliminary 2030 nationally determined numerical targets for the SDGs identified through the conduct of consultation and validation workshops with both government and non-government stakeholders of NEDA, in partnership with PIDS, held last 2019.
- 4/ In terms of legal frameworks, the Philippines has the following relevant legislations: Republic Act 7192. Women in Development & National Building Act; Executive Order No. 273. Approving and Adopting the Philippine Plan for Gender-Responsive Development, 1995-2025; Republic Act 9710. An Act Providing for the Magna Carta of Women
- 5/ Based on the submission of PNP on 06 September 2023
- 6/ Based on the submission of DSWD on 05 September 2023
- 7/ The national parliament is composed of the members of the Congress as of 23 September 2023.
- 8/ This includes vice governor and provincial member as of 23 August 2023.
- 9/ This includes the city vice mayor and city councilors as of 23 August 2023.
- 10/ This includes the municipal vice mayor and municipal councilors as of 23 August 2023.
- 11/ This includes the barangay chairman, barangay kagawad, Sangguniang Kabataan chairman as of September 2018.
- 12/ In terms of legal frameworks, the Philippines has the following relevant legislations: Per Republic Act 10354 known as the Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Law, enacted on December 2012, the law does not provide for minors' full access to sexual and reproductive health care services without parent's consent because of the Family Code
- 13/ Pending enactment of the Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Bill
- 14/ The Republic Act No. 10354 "The Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Act of 2012" had been enacted on 18 December 2012

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**ACRONYMS:**

<b>DAR</b>	Department of Agrarian Reform
<b>DBM</b>	Department of Budget and Management
<b>DENR</b>	Department of Environment and Natural Resources
<b>DILG</b>	Department of the Interior and Local Government
<b>DOH</b>	Department of Health
<b>DSWD</b>	Department of Social Welfare and Development
<b>ERSD-COMELEC</b>	Election Records and Statistics Department-Commission on Elections
<b>GAD</b>	Gender and Development
<b>GMMS</b>	Gender Mainstreaming and Monitoring System
<b>IESD-PSA</b>	Income and Employment Statistics Division, Philippine Statistics Authority
<b>LFS</b>	Labor Force Survey
<b>MDG</b>	Millennium Development Goals
<b>NDHS</b>	National Demographic and Health Survey
<b>NEDA</b>	National Economic and Development Authority
<b>PCW</b>	Philippine Commission on Women
<b>PIDS</b>	Philippine Institute for Development Studies
<b>PNP</b>	Philippine National Police
<b>PSA</b>	Philippine Statistics Authority
<b>SDG</b>	Sustainable Development Goals
<b>UNESCAP</b>	United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific