

SPECIAL RELEASE

Registered Deaths in the Philippines, 2020

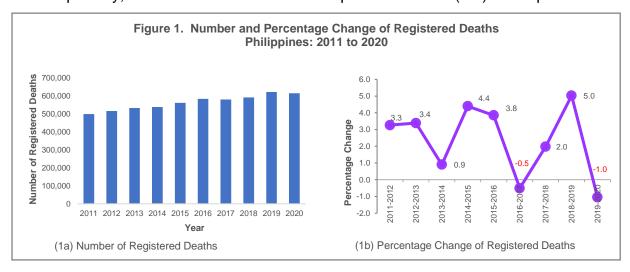
Date of Release: 31 January 2022

Reference No. 2022-38

Explanatory Notes

Data on deaths presented in this release were obtained from the Certificates of Death (Municipal Form No. 103) that were registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars all throughout the country and forwarded to the Philippine Statistics Authority. This release shows an overview of the registered deaths which occurred from January to December 2020, including the 10 leading causes of death. Cumulative figures for 2020 reflect updated data which excludes fetal deaths present in the processing of regular deaths and may differ from preliminary counts previously published. Fetal deaths as well as deaths of Filipinos that occurred abroad which were reported to the Philippine Foreign Service Posts are presented in a separate report. Figures shown were not adjusted for under registration.

In 2020, a total of 613,936 deaths were registered in the Philippines, a decline of -1.0 percent from 620,414 in 2019. This is equivalent to a crude death rate¹ of 5.6, or about six deaths per 1,000 population in 2020. This corresponds to an average of 1,677 deaths per day, which translates to 70 deaths per hour or one (1.2) death per minute.



¹ Population estimate used was taken from the updated population projections based on the 2015 Census of Population available at www.psa.gov.ph/statistics/census/projected-population

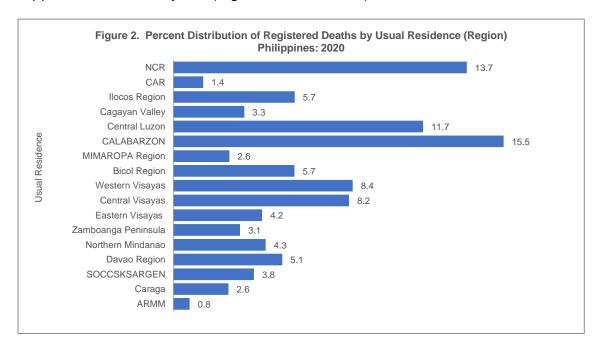


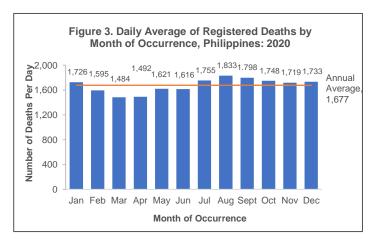
The number of registered deaths from 2011 to 2020 has trended upward except in the years 2017 and 2020. The increase during the ten-year period was 23.2 percent, from 498,486 in 2011 to 613,936 in 2020. (Figure 1 and Table 1)

Highest number of deaths reported in CALABARZON

The highest number of registered deaths by usual residence occurred in CALABARZON with 94,898 (15.5%), followed by National Capital Region (NCR) with 84,355 (13.7%), and Central Luzon with 71,756 (11.7%). The combined share of these three regions was 40.9 percent of the total registered deaths in 2020.

On the other hand, the three regions which had the least number of registered deaths were Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) with 4,626 (0.8%), Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR) with 8,540 (1.4%), and Caraga with 15,806 (2.6%). These regions accounted for only 4.7 percent of the overall registered deaths in the Philippines in the same year. (Figure 2 and Table 2)





August 2020 had the most number of deaths

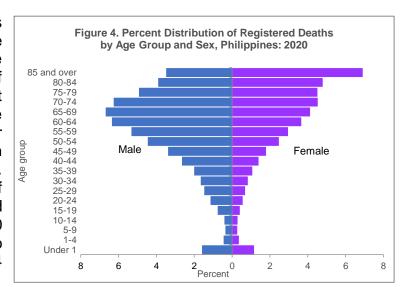
In 2020, the average number of deaths registered per day was the highest in August at 1,833 or about 76 deaths per hour. The month of March had the lowest number of deaths registered per day at 1,484 or equivalent to 62 deaths per hour. (Figure 3 and Table 3)

Daily index refers to the increase/decrease from the overall daily average of event occurrences. The months of February to June fall below the national daily index of 100.0 in 2020. In other words, daily average deaths in these months were lower than the national daily average of 1,677 deaths. (Figure 3 and Table 3)

More male deaths than female deaths recorded

Figure 4 shows the age-sex structure of registered deaths in 2020. It shows an inverted pyramid, with fewer deaths at the younger ages, except for children under one, and progressively increasing as people grow older. In the Philippines, the number of male deaths (351,426) was higher than female deaths (262,510) in 2020. The proportion of males who died was highest at the age of 65 to 69 years old (41,021 or 11.7% of male deaths) while for females, the largest was at the oldest age group, 85 years old and over (42,386 or 16.1% of female deaths). (Figure 4 and Table 4)

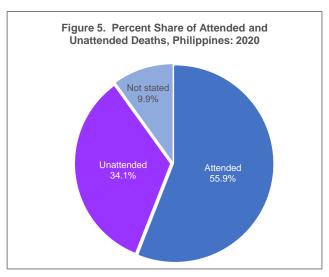
The sex ratio of 134 indicates that there were about 134 male deaths for every 100 female deaths. Moreover, sex ratio of over a hundred means that male deaths more were registered compared to their female counterparts at each age group before 80 years old. Further, higher proportions of female deaths were observed in the older age groups (80 vears old and over) compared to its male counterparts. (Figure 4 and Table 4)



Six out of ten deaths were attended by health care provider

Attendant refers to a private physician, public health officer, hospital authority, or any other allied health care provider who provided medical attendance to the deceased.

Out of 613,936 registered deaths, 55.9 percent or 343,471 deaths were medically attended. Only two regions, namely: MIMAROPA Region (46.4%), and Eastern Visayas (52.5%) had more unattended than attended deaths. (Figure 5 and Table 5)



Note: Details may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

Figure 6. Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Site of Occurrence Phillippines: 2020 Others 0.9 Not stated 0.1 Health Facilities 42.6 Home 56.4

Over half of the total registered deaths occurred at home

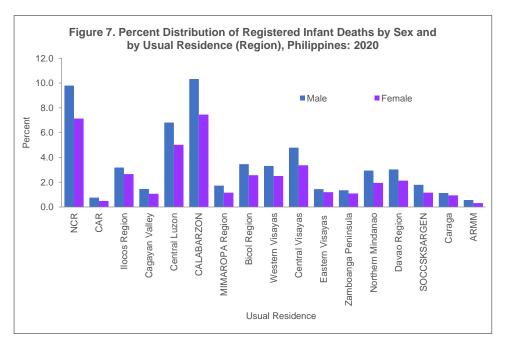
In 2020, 346,347 or 56.4 percent of the total deaths occurred at home while 261,531 or 42.6 percent died in any health facilities. Some (0.9%) died in places other than home and health facilities, such as on the street, in public places, on board a vehicle, airplane or vessel while in transit, among others. However, 0.1 percent of deaths have undetermined or unspecified sites because of the missing information in the place of death or usual residence of the decedent.

deaths that occurred in hospital facilities than any other site of occurrence at 60.3 percent. (Figure 6 and Table 6)

Highest number of infant deaths recorded in CALABARZON

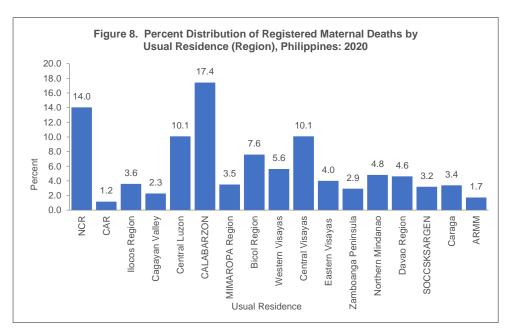
Infant deaths are deaths that occurred before reaching age 1. At the national level, 16,885 infant deaths were registered in 2020. Six out of ten deaths were males (9,767 or 57.8%). The three regions with the highest number of infant deaths recorded were CALABARZON (3,000 or 17.8%), NCR (2,859 or 16.9%), and Central Luzon (1,996 or 11.8%).

On the other hand, ARMM (150 or 0.9%), CAR (210 or 1.2%) and Caraga (349 or 2.1%) had the least number of registered infant deaths. (Figure 7 and Table 7)



Highest number of maternal deaths recorded in CALABARZON

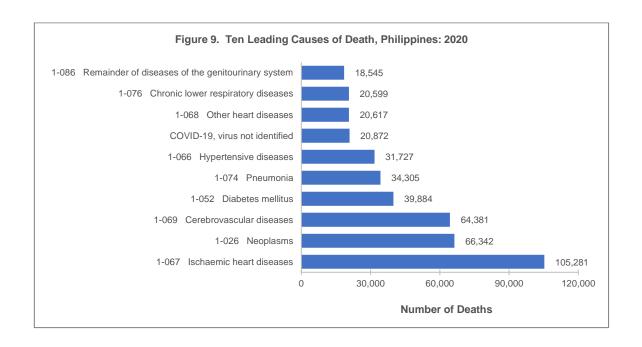
A maternal death is defined by the World Health Organization as, "the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and the site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management, but not from accidental or incidental causes." In 2020, a total of 1,975 women were identified as having died of maternal causes in the country.



Among all regions, CALABARZON recorded the highest number of maternal deaths with 344 (17.4% share), followed by NCR with 277 (14.0%), and Central Luzon and Central Visayas with 199 each or 10.1 percent share. On the other hand, CAR (23 or 1.2%) and ARMM (34 or 1.7%), recorded the least number of maternal deaths. (Figure 8 and Table 8)

Ischaemic heart diseases led causes of deaths

Deaths due to ischaemic heart diseases were the biggest contributors among the total deaths in 2020, making up some 17.1 percent (105,281) of the total registered deaths. This was followed by deaths due to neoplasms, also known as "cancer", at some 10.8 percent (66,342). Cerebrovascular diseases (including stroke) were behind accounting for 10.5 percent (64,381) of the total deaths. Mortality due to Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), virus not identified, also ranked among the leading causes of deaths with 20,872 or 3.4 percent of the total registered deaths, making it the 7th leading cause of death. By sex, similar trend with some deviations in the ranking among the leading causes of deaths was observed. (Figure 9 and Table 9)



DENNIS S. MAPA, Ph.D.

Undersecretary

National Statistician and Civil Registrar General

Attachments:

- 1. Table 1. Number and Percentage Change of Registered Deaths, Philippines: 2011-2020
- 2. Table 2. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Sex and by Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020
- 3. Table 3. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths, Daily Average and Daily Index, by Month, Philippines: 2020
- 4. Table 4. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Sex, Sex Ratio and Age Group, Philippines: 2020
- Table 5. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Attendant and Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020
- 6. Table 6. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Site and Place of Occurrence (Region), Philippines: 2020
- 7. Table 7. Number and Percent Share of Registered Infant Deaths by Sex and Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020
- 8. Table 8. Number and Percent Share of Maternal Deaths by Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020
- 9. Table 9. Ten Leading Causes of Death by Sex, Philippines: 2020

Table 1. Number and Percentage Change of Registered Deaths, Philippines: 2011-2020

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number | 498,486 | 514,745 | 532,176 | 536,999 | 560,605 | 582,183 | 579,237 | 590,709 | 620,414 | 613,936 |
| Per Day | 1,366 | 1,406 | 1,458 | 1,471 | 1,536 | 1,591 | 1,587 | 1,618 | 1,700 | 1,677 |
| Per Hour | 57 | 59 | 61 | 61 | 64 | 66 | 66 | 67 | 71 | 70 |
| Percent Change | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 3.8 | -0.5 | 2.0 | 5.0 | -1.0 |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Table 2. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Sex and by Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020

| Havel Peridence (Perion) | | Number | | Po | Percent | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|--------|--|
| Usual Residence (Region) | Both Sexes | Male | Female | Both Sexes | Male | Female | |
| Total | 613,936 | 351,426 | 262,510 | 100.0 | 57.2 | 42.8 | |
| National Capital Region | 84,355 | 48,100 | 36,255 | 13.7 | 7.8 | 5.9 | |
| Cordillera Administrative Region | 8,540 | 4,885 | 3,655 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 | |
| Region I - Ilocos Region | 34,848 | 19,347 | 15,501 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 2.5 | |
| Region II - Cagayan Valley | 20,352 | 11,822 | 8,530 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.4 | |
| Region III - Central Luzon | 71,756 | 40,870 | 30,886 | 11.7 | 6.7 | 5.0 | |
| Region IV-A - CALABARZON | 94,898 | 54,261 | 40,637 | 15.5 | 8.8 | 6.6 | |
| MIMAROPA Region | 16,090 | 9,421 | 6,669 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | |
| Region V - Bicol | 34,789 | 20,109 | 14,680 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 2.4 | |
| Region VI - Western Visayas | 51,505 | 29,437 | 22,068 | 8.4 | 4.8 | 3.6 | |
| Region VII - Central Visayas | 50,477 | 28,115 | 22,362 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 3.6 | |
| Region VIII - Eastern Visayas | 25,492 | 14,264 | 11,228 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 1.8 | |
| Region IX - Zamboanga Peninsula | 19,143 | 11,156 | 7,987 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.3 | |
| Region X - Northern Mindanao | 26,485 | 15,373 | 11,112 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 1.8 | |
| Region XI - Davao | 31,270 | 18,468 | 12,802 | 5.1 | 3.0 | 2.1 | |
| Region XII - SOCCSKSARGEN | 23,130 | 13,848 | 9,282 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 1.5 | |
| Region XIII - Caraga | 15,806 | 9,076 | 6,730 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | |
| Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao | 4,626 | 2,578 | 2,048 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | |
| Foreign Countries | 374 | 296 | 78 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Notes: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration 0.0 - less than 0.05

Table 3. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths, Daily Average and Daily Index, by Month, Philippines: 2020

| Month | Number | Percent | Daily Average | Daily Index |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------------|-------------|
| Total | 613,936 | 100.0 | 1,677 | 100.0 |
| January | 53,500 | 8.7 | 1,726 | 102.9 |
| February | 46,256 | 7.5 | 1,595 | 95.1 |
| March | 45,996 | 7.5 | 1,484 | 88.5 |
| April | 44,768 | 7.3 | 1,492 | 89.0 |
| May | 50,251 | 8.2 | 1,621 | 96.6 |
| June | 48,484 | 7.9 | 1,616 | 96.3 |
| July | 54,412 | 8.9 | 1,755 | 104.6 |
| August | 56,827 | 9.3 | 1,833 | 109.3 |
| September | 53,953 | 8.8 | 1,798 | 107.2 |
| October | 54,200 | 8.8 | 1,748 | 104.2 |
| November | 51,558 | 8.4 | 1,719 | 102.5 |
| December | 53,731 | 8.8 | 1,733 | 103.3 |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Table 4. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Sex, Sex Ratio and Age Group,

Philippines: 2020

| | Both S | exes | Ма | le | Fema | ale | |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Age Group | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Sex Ratio |
| Total | 613,936 | 100.0 | 351,426 | 100.0 | 262,510 | 100.0 | 133.9 |
| Under 1 | 16,885 | 2.8 | 9,767 | 2.8 | 7,118 | 2.7 | 137.2 |
| 1-4 | 4,948 | 0.8 | 2,734 | 0.8 | 2,214 | 0.8 | 123.5 |
| 5-9 | 3,841 | 0.6 | 2,190 | 0.6 | 1,651 | 0.6 | 132.6 |
| 10-14 | 4,251 | 0.7 | 2,459 | 0.7 | 1,792 | 0.7 | 137.2 |
| 15-19 | 7,181 | 1.2 | 4,657 | 1.3 | 2,524 | 1.0 | 184.5 |
| 20-24 | 10,434 | 1.7 | 7,019 | 2.0 | 3,415 | 1.3 | 205.5 |
| 25-29 | 13,229 | 2.2 | 9,015 | 2.6 | 4,214 | 1.6 | 213.9 |
| 30-34 | 15,264 | 2.5 | 10,154 | 2.9 | 5,110 | 1.9 | 198.7 |
| 35-39 | 18,841 | 3.1 | 12,287 | 3.5 | 6,554 | 2.5 | 187.5 |
| 40-44 | 24,807 | 4.0 | 16,240 | 4.6 | 8,567 | 3.3 | 189.6 |
| 45-49 | 31,789 | 5.2 | 20,767 | 5.9 | 11,022 | 4.2 | 188.4 |
| 50-54 | 42,535 | 6.9 | 27,381 | 7.8 | 15,154 | 5.8 | 180.7 |
| 55-59 | 50,785 | 8.3 | 32,655 | 9.3 | 18,130 | 6.9 | 180.1 |
| 60-64 | 61,436 | 10.0 | 38,992 | 11.1 | 22,444 | 8.5 | 173.7 |
| 65-69 | 66,301 | 10.8 | 41,021 | 11.7 | 25,280 | 9.6 | 162.3 |
| 70-74 | 66,216 | 10.8 | 38,421 | 10.9 | 27,795 | 10.6 | 138.2 |
| 75-79 | 57,903 | 9.4 | 30,209 | 8.6 | 27,694 | 10.5 | 109.1 |
| 80-84 | 53,421 | 8.7 | 24,002 | 6.8 | 29,419 | 11.2 | 81.6 |
| 85 and over | 63,775 | 10.4 | 21,389 | 6.1 | 42,386 | 16.1 | 50.5 |
| Not Stated | 94 | 0.0 | 67 | 0.0 | 27 | 0.0 | - |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Notes: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

0.0 - less than 0.05

Table 5. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Attendant and Usual Residence (Region),

Philippines: 2020 Attended Unattended Not Stated Total Private Hospital **Usual Residence (Region)** Health Others % Number % Number Attended Physician Authority Officer Total 613.936 343.471 88.769 77.433 157.051 20,218 209.437 61,028 % to Total 100.0 14.5 25.6 34.1 9.9 55.9 12.6 3.3 National Capital Region 84.355 20.246 5.913 69.0 13.581 5.795 35.515 3.305 24.0 7.0 Cordillera Administrative Region 8,540 70.6 732 430 2,556 2,308 23.3 1,986 6.2 528 34,848 54.7 9,707 Region I - Ilocos Region 2,951 4,105 2,296 44.4 15,477 0.9 312 Region II - Cagayan Valley 20,352 58.6 2,520 4,087 5,013 315 30.4 6,191 10.9 2,226 Region III - Central Luzon 71,756 60.4 15,040 11,620 15,788 920 15,172 18.4 13,216 Region IV-A - CALABARZON 94.898 632 17.095 20.335 19.023 3.538 34 7 32 884 21 2 023 MIMAROPA Region 16,090 44.2 1,740 1,103 3,962 301 46.4 7,465 9.4 1,519 5,579 9,181 Region V - Bicol 34.789 52.1 3,237 133 41.7 14.512 6.2 2,147 Region VI - Western Visayas 51,505 56.0 5,469 6,982 14,357 2,014 35.5 18,292 8.5 4,391 Region VII - Central Visayas 5.389 10.802 50.477 43.6 4.367 1.454 33.6 16.948 22.8 11.517 Region VIII - Eastern Visayas 25,492 37.5 2,312 1,523 5,140 577 52.5 13,378 10.1 2,562 752 Region IX - Zamboanga Peninsula 19.143 52.6 3.881 1.517 3.915 30.0 5.737 17.5 3.341 Region X - Northern Mindanao 26.485 51.1 5,339 2.595 5,260 327 44.7 11,835 4.3 1,129 Region XI - Davao 31,270 38.5 3,076 574 8,275 109 11,848 7,388 37.9 23.6 Region XII - SOCCSKSARGEN 23,130 49.4 4,465 3,567 3,087 305 48.1 11,122 2.5 584 Region XIII - Caraga 15,806 63.1 1,443 2,625 4,655 1,245 29.6 4,677 7.3 1,161 Autonomous Region in Muslim 401 737 277 1.605 21.6 997 Mindanao 4.626 43.8 609 34.7 Foreign Countries 374 63.6 98 16.6 74

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration.

Table 6. Number and Percent Share of Registered Deaths by Site and Place of Occurrence (Region),

Philippines: 2020

| | | | Site of Occurrence | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Place of Occurrence (Region) | Total | Health Facilities | Home | Others | Not stated | |
| Total % to Total | 613,936 <i>100.0</i> | 261,531 <i>4</i> 2.6 | 346,347 <i>56.4</i> | 5,332 0.9 | 726 <i>0.1</i> | |
| National Capital Region Cordillera Administrative Region Region I - Ilocos Region Region II - Cagayan Valley Region III - Central Luzon Region IV-A - CALABARZON MIMAROPA Region Region V - Bicol Region V - Bicol Region VI - Central Visayas Region VIII - Eastern Visayas Region VIII - Eastern Visayas Region IX - Zamboanga Peninsula Region X - Northern Mindanao | 93,637 8,487 34,612 20,206 70,738 88,769 15,818 34,340 51,302 50,633 25,258 18,929 26,576 | 60.3 39.4 42.7 43.3 43.5 37.2 36.3 44.9 38.8 35.4 30.4 38.7 45.0 | 38.9 60.0 57.3 56.3 54.2 62.6 62.9 55.0 60.5 64.2 69.1 59.8 54.6 | 0.9 0.6 0.0 0.1 2.2 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.7 0.4 0.4 0.6 0.4 | 0.7 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.9 0.1 | |
| Region XI - Northern Milidariao Region XII - SOCCSKSARGEN Region XIII - Caraga Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao | 32,255 22,919 15,165 4,292 | 43.5 34.9 37.6 17.1 | 51.9 64.0 60.5 81.8 | 0.4 4.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 | 0.1 0.0 0.5 1.3 0.6 | |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103).

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration.

0.0 - less than 0.05

Table 7. Number and Percent Share of Registered Infant Deaths by Sex and Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020

| Havel Basidanas (Basian) | ı | Percent | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|---------|--------|------------|------|--------|
| Usual Residence (Region) | Both Sexes | Male | Female | Both Sexes | Male | Female |
| Total | 16,885 | 9,767 | 7,118 | 100.0 | 57.8 | 42.2 |
| National Capital Region | 2,859 | 1,654 | 1,205 | 16.9 | 9.8 | 7.1 |
| Cordillera Administrative Region | 210 | 128 | 82 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Region I - Ilocos Region | 986 | 538 | 448 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| Region II - Cagayan Valley | 425 | 245 | 180 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| Region III - Central Luzon | 1,996 | 1,149 | 847 | 11.8 | 6.8 | 5.0 |
| Region IV-A - CALABARZON | 3,000 | 1,742 | 1,258 | 17.8 | 10.3 | 7.5 |
| MIMAROPA Region | 487 | 292 | 195 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 |
| Region V - Bicol | 1,015 | 583 | 432 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 2.6 |
| Region VI - Western Visayas | 983 | 560 | 423 | 5.8 | 3.3 | 2.5 |
| Region VII - Central Visayas | 1,376 | 808 | 568 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 3.4 |
| Region VIII - Eastern Visayas | 445 | 243 | 202 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Region IX - Zamboanga Peninsula | 412 | 228 | 184 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Region X - Northern Mindanao | 824 | 496 | 328 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 1.9 |
| Region XI - Davao | 871 | 512 | 359 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 2.1 |
| Region XII - SOCCSKSARGEN | 497 | 302 | 195 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.2 |
| Region XIII - Caraga | 349 | 191 | 158 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao | 150 | 96 | 54 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.3 |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figure's are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Table 8. Number and Percent Share of Maternal Deaths by Usual Residence (Region), Philippines: 2020

| Usual Residence (Region) | Number | Percent |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Total | 1,975 | 100.0 |
| National Capital Region | 277 | 14.0 |
| Cordillera Administrative Region | 23 | 1.2 |
| Region I - Ilocos Region | 71 | 3.6 |
| Region II - Cagayan Valley | 45 | 2.3 |
| Region III - Central Luzon | 199 | 10.1 |
| Region IV-A - CALABARZON | 344 | 17.4 |
| MIMAROPA Region | 69 | 3.5 |
| Region V - Bicol | 150 | 7.6 |
| Region VI - Western Visayas | 111 | 5.6 |
| Region VII - Central Visayas | 199 | 10.1 |
| Region VIII - Eastern Visayas | 79 | 4.0 |
| Region IX - Zamboanga Peninsula | 58 | 2.9 |
| Region X - Northern Mindanao | 95 | 4.8 |
| Region XI - Davao | 91 | 4.6 |
| Region XII - SOCCSKSARGEN | 63 | 3.2 |
| Region XIII - Caraga | 67 | 3.4 |
| Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao | 34 | 1.7 |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Table 9. Ten Leading Causes of Death by Sex, Philippines: 2020

| Leading Cause/Sex | Number | Percent |
|---|---------|---------|
| BOTH SEXES | | |
| All causes of death | 613,936 | 100.0 |
| 1-067 Ischaemic heart diseases | 105,281 | 17.1 |
| 1-026 Neoplasms | 66,342 | 10.8 |
| 1-069 Cerebrovascular diseases | 64,381 | 10.5 |
| 1-052 Diabetes mellitus | 39,884 | 6.5 |
| 1-074 Pneumonia | 34,305 | 5.6 |
| 1-066 Hypertensive diseases | 31,727 | 5.2 |
| COVID-19, virus not identified | 20,872 | 3.4 |
| 1-068 Other heart diseases | 20,617 | 3.4 |
| 1-076 Chronic lower respiratory diseases | 20,599 | 3.4 |
| 1-086 Remainder of diseases of the genitourinary system | 18,545 | 3.0 |
| Other causes of death | 191,383 | 31.2 |
| MALE | | |
| All causes of death | 351,426 | 100.0 |
| 1-067 Ischaemic heart diseases | 62,171 | 17.7 |
| 1-069 Cerebrovascular diseases | 36,593 | 10.4 |
| 1-026 Neoplasms | 30,895 | 8.8 |
| 1-052 Diabetes mellitus | 20,090 | 5.7 |
| 1-074 Pneumonia | 17,621 | 5.0 |
| 1-066 Hypertensive diseases | 17,002 | 4.8 |
| 1-076 Chronic lower respiratory diseases | 14,691 | 4.2 |
| 1-005 Respiratory tuberculosis | 13,254 | 3.8 |
| COVID-19, virus not identified | 12,474 | 3.5 |
| 1-068 Other heart diseases | 11,072 | 3.2 |
| Other causes of death | 115,563 | 32.9 |
| FEMALE | | |
| All causes of death | 262,510 | 100.0 |
| 1-067 Ischaemic heart diseases | 43,110 | 16.4 |
| 1-026 Neoplasms | 35,447 | 13.5 |
| 1-069 Cerebrovascular diseases | 27,788 | 10.6 |
| 1-052 Diabetes mellitus | 19,794 | 7.5 |
| 1-074 Pneumonia | 16,684 | 6.4 |
| 1-066 Hypertensive diseases | 14,725 | 5.6 |
| 1-068 Other heart diseases | 9,545 | 3.6 |
| COVID-19, virus not identified | 8,398 | 3.2 |
| 1-086 Remainder of diseases of the genitourinary system | 7,476 | 2.8 |
| 1-076 Chronic lower respiratory diseases | 5,908 | 2.3 |
| Other causes of death | 73,635 | 28.1 |

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority (Data on deaths are those registered at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrars throughout the country and submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar General using Certificate of Death-Municipal Form 103)

Note: Figures are results of actual registration without any adjustment for under registration

Causes of death are coded based on the ICD-10 Rules and Guidelines
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified (R00-R99) was not included in the top 10 causes of death